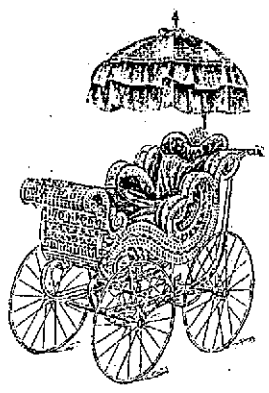
Newport Daily News.

WAGON DELIVERIES ON 40 MILES OF ADJACENT COUNTRY ROADS.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1899. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Our Spring Line is now on Exhibition.





Call and see the assortment.

A. C. TITUS COMPANY.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 17.

First Freight This week arrived with

TURKEYS

—FOR—

J. A. & H. H. BARKER,

346 and 348 Thames street.

Telephone 202-2.

Coggeshall Farm Eggs.

JOSEPHINE KIPLING DEAD.

Eldest Child of the Sick Man Succumbs to Pneumonia.

NEW YORK, March 6.—Josephine Kipling, the six-year-old daughter of Rudyard Kipling and the oldest of his three children, died shortly after 6 o'clock this morning, from pneumonia. The child's death took place at the home of Miss Julia DeForest in this city. Miss DeForest is a friend of the Kiplings, and Josephine had been taken to her house so that she could be nursed apart from her father.

The girl became ill the day after Mr. Kipling took to his bed, and the doctors soon discovered that the disease was the same as that which had brought her father to death's door. She had all the attention and all the skill employed to save the life of the author. Dr. Conland, the family physician, who had known the child from birth, came down from Brattleboro, Vt., and with Dr. Janeway succeeded in warding off the evil effects of the disease until today. But the little frame was not strong enough to withstand the onslaughts of pain, and while her father was slowly winning back his life Josephine died.

Mrs. Kipling made daily visits to the girl, and it was for her, in this multiplicity of sorrows, that the sympathy of many friends was most earnestly expressed. It is not definitely known whether the news of the death of his child was communicated to Mr. Kipling, but it is generally believed that his condition is such that the physicians will not, until he is stronger, tell him of the loss which he has sustained.

Elsie, the three-year-old daughter of the author, who is sick in another apartment in the hotel, is doing well, according to the morning's report of Mr. Doubleday.

Rudyard Kipling continues to improve, having slept naturally the greater part of last night. He has taken no solid food, and it may be a week before he is able to do so. He is subsisting on beef extract, milk and other fluid nutrients.

HER STRENGTH DIMINISHING.

Fear of a Fatal Termination of the Belgian Queen's Illness.

BRUSSELS, March 6.—Queen Marie Henriette of Belgium, who is suffering from broncho pneumonia, passed a better night. She slept a little and the doctors are satisfied with her condition.

Later in the day, however, it was announced that the queen's strength had much diminished, and that a fatal termination of her illness is still feared. A physician is in permanent attendance upon Her Majesty.

Condition of the Pope Satisfactory.

ROME, March 6.—Another satisfactory bulletin regarding the health of the pope was issued this morning. No other bulletin will be issued until Tuesday evening.

CLOSED TIGHT.

No Saloons Open in St. Louis All Day Sunday.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 6.—The order of the board of police commissioners, that all saloons be closed at midnight Saturday night and remain so until midnight Sunday, under the provisions of the law, was carried out to the letter yesterday. Only a few drinkshop keepers made any effort to keep their places open, and arrests were made in every instance as soon as the violations were discovered.

Saloons in East St. Louis and the suburbs did a rushing business all day.

SEVERAL WERE OVERDUE.

Eighteen Ocean Steamers in Quarantine at New York This Morning.

NEW YORK, March 6.—There were eighteen ocean steamers in quarantine this morning, of which seven had arrived during the night and the others had come in with the sunrise. Among them were several overdue steamers. Those whose long voyages had begun to cause most anxiety were British steamer Algoa, from Hamburg, via Sunderland, which had been out twenty-eight days; the Hero, from Hamburg, and the Langbank, from Calcutta, both of which had called at St. Michaels, Azores, and left there at the same time fifteen days ago.

The Algoa reported having met strong gales and high head seas from the time she left the English Channel, making only 300 miles from the Channel in fourteen days. She then gave up battling with the storm, which seemed to increase in severity, and sailed south to the latitude of the Azores. After that the weather was not so severe. March 2 a Latsear seaman died, of beriberi.

The Hero reported meeting terrific gales from the west, with high and dangerous seas, against which it was almost impossible to make headway. She had to put into St. Michaels for coal. She left there February 17 and the next day passed abandoned British steamer Rossmore, lying on her beam ends.

The Langbank reported meeting the same severity of weather, but like the others escaped serious casualty.

HOLDS A FEDERAL OFFICE.

Collector Lyman Resigns from the Republican National Committee.

BOSTON, March 6.—Hon. George H. Lyman, collector of the port, has resigned his commission as the member of the Republican national committee from Massachusetts. He says that "the interests of the party might be better served by one who does not hold an important federal office."

Death of a Manitoba Presbyterian College President.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, March 6.—Rev. John M. King, principal of the Manitoba Presbyterian College for fourteen years and author of numerous works, is dead of pneumonia. He was aged seventy years.

MARCH 4, 1899. ESTABLISHED 1882.

WONDERFUL BARGAINS IN FURNITURE.

Chamber Sets at $18.50 only.

These sets are made of selected solid oak, finished in a high polish, and have considerable carving. Regularly to ask $32 for one of these sets would not be asking much.

Parlor Stands at $1.50 only.

In order to realize what value you get, for $1.50, in one of these stands, you must only see them, see their firmness, their polish, their fancy turned legs and their handsome brass claw and ball feet. See them before they are all gone.

Card Tables at $1; worth $1.75.

We have them in polished oak and cherry. Each has lower shelf which adds greatly to the durability and usefulness of the table.

The Bargains in Desks and Bookcases

Are too many to be particularized in this limited space. We must only mention that we have ladies' polished oak desks as low as $11.50, elegant roll top desks at $25 and large bookcases at $6 or even less.

KAZANJIAN & CO., Kazanjian Building.

Second Edition.

STORMY TIMES PREDICTED.

Democrats, Republicans and Weylerites Oppose the New Cabinet.

MADRID, March 6.—The new cabinet has been well received by the Conservatives and the business world, but the Democrats and Republicans denounce it as representing the most ultramontane section of the Conservatives. The Weylerites are violently opposed to the cabinet, and stormy times are predicted. The elections to the Cortes will take place in April next.

A number of repatriated soldiers made a demonstration at Valencia yesterday evening. They marched through the streets headed by a banner inscribed "Long Live the Army," and "We are Hungry." The processionists were dispersed by the police but there was no serious disorder.

MANILA DEATH REPORT.

Many Casualties Among the Soldiers, from Various Causes.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The War Department today received the following cablegram from Manila.

Manila, March 6. Adjutant General, Washington.

Additional casualties—March 4, near San Pedro Macati, Luzon, killed: Third artillery, Battery G, Private John Toica. Wounded: First California, Company G, Private Louis H. Barrieau, abdomen, severe; Company L, Wilhelm H. Wheeler, thigh, moderate; Twenty-third infantry, Company A, First Sergeant Henry F. McFadden, chest, slightly injured; First California, Company G, Sergeant Frank F. McNully, sprained ankle in action; First Nebraska, Company K, Private James Weldon, ruptured in action.

February 22, at Jaro, Panay, killed: Eighteenth infantry, Company C, Private Joseph W. Everington; Company A, William P. Briggs.

The following deaths since last week's report: February 27—Private Richard L. Bryant, Company K, First Colorado, variola; Varine Barker, Company I, Thirteenth Minnesota, variola.

February 26—Harry L. Ploman, Company H, First Idaho, variola; William J. Donohue, Company F, First Colorado, variola.

February 27—Sim Barker, Company I, Twentieth Kansas, variola.

March 1—John A. Ewing, Company G, First North Dakota, typhoid; Frank Upham, Company C, First North Dakota, dysentery; Joseph Marr, Company C, First Montana, variola; George L. Doran, Company F, Eighteenth infantry, diarrhoea and pneumonia.

Died of wounds received in action: February 27—Private Richard H. McLean, First Washington; Howard A. Olds, Twentieth Kansas.

February 28—Edward S. Moore, Company G, First Montana.

OTIS.

PRINCE HENRY'S APPOINTMENT.

Explanation Which Admits That There Was Trouble at Manila.

BERLIN, March 6.—A high official of the German navy department has informed the correspondent here of the Associated Press that the appointment of Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of Emperor William, to the command of the East Asiatic squadron had been considered for months past and was finally decided upon as being the most available, the emperor desiring to show the American people that he is thoroughly friendly to them, knowing that Prince Henry is popular in the United States.

When the official referred to was asked whether the appointment was equivalent to the disgrace of Admiral Von Diedrichs, he said: "Not exactly. If Admiral Von Diedrichs had shown more tact last summer before Manila it would undeniably have been productive of good results all round. The main trouble was that Admiral Von Diedrichs was insufficiently informed regarding international naval usages in such a delicate situation. Consequently he continued naval movements, drill and searchlight practice as if elsewhere than in a blockaded port, thus arousing distrust upon the part of the Americans."

The above is important, as being the first German official admission that there had been trouble between the Germans and Americans in Manila bay. The first regularly appointed German naval attache at Washington, Von Reuber Paschwitz, will start for New York tomorrow on board North German Lloyd steamer Lahn, from Bremen.

Transport Grant at Singapore.

LONDON, March 6.—Lloyd's agents at Singapore announce the arrival there of United States transport Grant, which sailed from New York January 10, with reinforcements of troops for the Philippine islands.

Making Port After the Storm.

CHATHAM, Mass., March 6.—The largest fleet of schooners which has passed by the cape this winter in any one day come over the shoals this morning, and aided by the westerly winds all the vessels made good runs. This fleet, which had been held up by the fog in various ports along the Sound for many days, was released during the night and every vessel crowded on all sail this morning.

The people have a right to be well governed. They have a right to judge whether they are; and, if convinced they are not, they have a right to change the government.—[William Ellery Channing.

SOMETHING MADE THE MEN SICK.

After Eliminating Everything Else, They Decided It Was the Canned Beef.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—The War Department court of inquiry held a very brief session today, the last before the start for the west where the members will inspect the packing plants of Chicago, Omaha and Kansas City.

But one witness was examined, Lieutenant Frederick L. Munson, Ninth infantry, said that during his service in Cuba, up to the surrender of Santiago, his command had as a meat component of the ration bacon and canned roast beef, in the proportion of about ten days of the former to fifteen days of the latter. Until the surrender he received no complaints of the canned roast beef, but after the surrender his commissary sergeant reported to him that something was making the men very sick. They did not know what it was, but thought it was something they had eaten. After eliminating every other factor they could think of, they concluded it must be the canned beef. The men discontinued the use of the beef. On the voyage home they still had canned roast beef, but the men did not eat it. He tried to turn it over to the commissary at Montauk but the commissary would not receive it.

"Did you make any report on this?" asked Colonel Davis.

"No, sir."

"Did it not occur to you that it was your duty to your command to report this state of things?" asked Colonel Davis, rather sharply.

"As it appears to me," very frankly said the witness, "it may have been negligent; but at the time the complaint was so general and there being absolutely no chance of bettering the situation, I did not make any formal report on it."

Of the refrigerator beef, witness said the principal objection to it was that it spoiled before the men received it. This wound up the taking of testimony in Washington, and the court adjourned to meet in Chicago Thursday.

REINDEER REACH DAWSON.

Many of the First Herd Killed by Indians as Wild Game.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6.—A letter from Dawson City says: "The first instalment of reindeer belonging to the United States relief expedition arrived here January 6 in charge of the Lapland herders. The last day's run was sixty miles. Large numbers of the reindeer are said to have been slaughtered by the Indians, who mistook them for wild game. The remnant will be driven to Circle City.

The business outlook for Dawson during the year is most unpromising and hundreds of persons are migrating to more congenial climes. Even the saloons and gambling houses are reported to be making no profits. No new gold discoveries of importance are reported.

BOTH ENGINES WRECKED.

A Dozen Men Injured in a Lake Shore Collision.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., March 6.—Train No. 10 on the Lake Shore railroad, due here at 12:10 o'clock this morning, collided with a switch engine at Westfield. Both engines were totally wrecked, but the engineers and firemen of both escaped without serious injuries. One mail car was overturned but the clerks escaped serious wounds. Following is a list of the injured: Gilbert Thompson, Buffalo, engineer light engine; Harry Carner, Erie, passenger engineer; James Kirkland, Collingwood, Ohio, fireman light engine; H. S. Hubbard, Toledo, baggageman; John Titterington, Cleveland, clerk in charge of postal car; L. L. Griffin, Cleveland, postal clerk; Asa Perin, Clyde, Ohio, postal clerk; T. B. Mitchell, Walworth, N. Y., postal clerk; R. S. Wideler, Erie, postal clerk; Henry K. Howry, New York, passenger; Frank M. Johnson, Philadelphia, passenger; E. A. Foster, Dunkirk, passenger.

Rolling Mill to Raise Wages.

GREENVILLE, Penn., March 6.—Notices have been posted at Kimberly's rolling mill, announcing an increase of ten per cent in wages in all departments except tonnage men, whose wages are controlled by the amalgamated association. It is reported that the new steel trust is negotiating for the plant.

A Rhode Island Pension.

WASHINGTON, March 6.—Original—Franklin V. Searle, Foster Centre.

Mother and Two Children Drowned.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, March 6.—At Owsley, on the Kentucky river, yesterday, John Hutchison and his family were trying to cross the stream, when their vehicle capsized. Mrs. Hutchison and two children were drowned.

To Go from the Santa Fe to the Pittsburg & Gulf.

PUEBLO, Col., March 6.—It is understood that J. J. Frey, general manager of the Santa Fe system, has resigned, to take effect March 15, at which time he will assume the presidency of the Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railroad. It is rumored here that Superintendent Charles Dyer will be general manager upon Mr. Frey's retirement. Mr. Dyer is not in the city at present and could not be seen with reference to the report, which is given credence in railroad circles here.

Town Meeting Day in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, March 6.—About 180 towns in Massachusetts held their annual town meetings today. The weather was fine in all sections and the usual interest prevailed, especially in the smaller places.

BEFORE

Showing my spring and summer woolens I have a few medium and heavy weights that make most desirable business suits that I will sell at a moderate price.

COMMERFORD,

Tailor,

248 Thames St., next to Seabury's.

Clearance Sale

For the Next Fifteen Days.

STRAW MATTINGS, FROM 18c. UP.
OIL CLOTHS, FROM 22c. UP.
CARPETS, FROM 37c. UP.
REMNANTS OF ALL KINDS SOLD CHEAP.
FURNITURE, WHITE ENAMEL BEDS, ALSO BEDDING, TO BE CLOSED OUT TO MAKE ROOM FOR SPRING GOODS.
GUSTAVUS HAMILTON,
Over 204 Thames Street.

SMOKE

"The Brunswick"

—AND—

"Crimson Bouquet"

10c. CIGARS.

"Postoffice Square"

—AND—

"Number 83"

5c. CIGARS.

J. D. Richardson & Co.,

396 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

PLENTY OF CANDIDATES.

Democrats to Endeavor to Get Together a Full Convention.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 6.—The Democratic state central committee held a meeting this afternoon, and endorsed the action of the executive committee in calling the state convention for Tuesday, March 14. Mr. Nathan W. Littlefield of Pawtucket was selected to preside at the convention, and a committee of one from each county, Mr. Frank E. Nolan being selected from Newport county, was appointed to make efforts to have the cities and towns of the state well represented at the convention and to prepare resolutions to be presented for action. It was voted to invite a number of prominent state Democrats to occupy seats on the platform. Nothing was said as to candidates, except that there are plenty of them this year.

TUBERCULIN TEST FOR CATTLE.

Newport County Farmers Represented in Opposition to It.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 6. The house judiciary committee gave a hearing this morning on the bill for the repeal of the tuberculin test for cattle. A number of farmers spoke in opposition to the present law, while representatives of the state board of agriculture and other officials advocated the measure.

Mr. William P. Shefield of Newport was one of the speakers, representing the farmers of Newport county. He said the farmers of that section of the state are opposed to the law, as is imposes a burden upon them. He thought the state board ought to apply the test only to such cattle as are believed to be in such condition as to make it advisable, instead of to all cattle.

WITHOUT A CERTIFICATE.

Case Involving Shipment of a Cow into the State.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 6.—In the appellate court this morning the case of State vs. Illiam O. Snell of Little Compton was heard. It is charged that September 22, 1898, Snell shipped a cow from Massachusetts into Tiverton without sending the secretary of the state board of agriculture a certificate that the animal was free from tuberculosis.

A demurrer, filed by Mr. Sheffield for Mr. Snell, held that it did not appear that the indictment was made on complaint of the state board of agriculture, that it did not set forth the kind of certificate required, that it did not describe the animal sufficiently, and that the statute does not define the officer required to give the certificate.

In answer, Assistant Attorney General Stearns replied that it is immaterial whether the state board of agriculture made the protest, that it is sufficient to allege that no certificate was sent, that the certificate need give only a description sufficient to identify the animal, and that the objection to the validity of the statute cannot be made on a demurrer.

The case was held up for advisement.

Gilbert Stuart's Barn Burned.

WICKFORD, March 6.—It was learned today that during the tempest of Sunday the ancient barn formerly owned by Gilbert Stuart, the famous artist of Revolutionary days, was totally destroyed by lightning.

To Reduce Capital Stock.

FALL RIVER, March 6.—A special meeting of the stockholders of the Laurel Lake mills has been called for March 13, to act upon the proposition to reduce the capital stock from $400,000 to $300,000, said reduction being the amount of unsubscribed stock voted at a special meeting, November 1, 1898."

Dunlap Spring Opening.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

SOLE AGENTS,

208 THAMES ST. 208

Strictly Fresh R. I. Eggs!

—AT—

Brown's Market,

274 Thames Street.

Ex-Vice President Stevenson's Mother Dead.

PEORIA, Ill., March 6.—A telephone message to the Herald from Bloomington, Ill., says: Mrs. Sarah Stevenson, mother of former Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson, died at 2:30 this morning, after an illness of several weeks. She was ninety years of age.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, March 4, Assyrian, from Glasgow.
Liverpool, March 4, Campania, from New York.
Havre, March 4, La Touraine, from New York.
New York, March 5, La Champagne, from Havre.
Boston, March 5, Catalonia, from Liverpool.
New York, March 6, Cevic, from Liverpool.

POWELL'S

Bronchial Lozenges.

Excellent for any irritation of the throat.

—AT—

Powell's Drug Store,

COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

Geo. E. Vernon & Co.,

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

Modern and Antique

FURNITURE

—AND—

UPHOLSTERY GOODS.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors completes submitted upon application.

91 John Street,

NEWPORT.

This Morning's News.

CHANGE FOR THE BETTER.

In Manila it is Hard to Believe a State of War Exists.

MANILA, March 6.—United States transport Ohio arrived yesterday.

In the last two days there has been a very noticeable change in Manila for the better, probably due to the arrival of re-enforcements for the American troops. Numbers of people are seen upon the streets, and the amount of business transacted in the stores has marvellously increased. Yesterday the Lunetta was blocked with carriages for the first time since the outbreak. The band of the Twentieth regulars played a number of airs, and it was hard to believe that a state of war existed.

Outside the city there was desultory firing throughout the day, and at various points the sharpshooters were most annoying. At San Pedro Macati the rebels are very active, erecting entrenchments in front of the positions occupied by the Washington troops, although a two-gun battery of the Sixth artillery repeatedly shelled them. The enemy is fully alive to the fact that Mausers have a much longer range than Springfields, and are continually taking "pot shots" in comparative safety. The American soldiers dislike this passive resistance, and are eager for the excitement of an active campaign.

SPAIN'S NEW CABINET.

Its Policy as Laid Down by Premier Silvela.

MADRID, March 5.—This afternoon the cabinet council decided to suppress the pensions of all former ministers. Senor Silvela, the new premier, says the government has begun at the top in setting an example of economy.

Admiral Camara having declined the post of minister of marine, Senor Silvela tendered it to Admiral Gomez Imas, who has accepted.

Senor Duran, the new minister of justice, is a Catalan protectionist. Senor Dato, minister of the interior, is a talented young deputy and barrister, who distinguished himself recently by a brilliant campaign against the abuses and scandals in the Madrid municipality. Marquis Villaverde, minister of finance, is regarded as the strongest member of the Silvela cabinet, after the premier. He is an able financier and advocates taking the country frankly into confidence, with a view to a policy of retrenchment which will impose sacrifices on both taxpayers and bondholders. He favors an income tax and the guarantee of the colonial debt.

Senor Sagasta has promised Senor Silvela the hearty support of the Liberal party on all national and dynastic questions.

The program of Senor Silvela includes protection to industry, commerce and agriculture; thorough reform in municipal and provincial administration; sweeping army reforms, the formation of a really efficient navy, with a fortification of the coasts and general financial reorganization. The premier has already invited presidents of chambers of commerce and agriculture throughout the country to repair to Madrid, to consult with the government on the necessary measures.

ITALIAN MARINES LANDED.

Take Possession of San Mun Bay Despite China's Refusal to Lease It.

LONDON, March 6.—A despatch from Rome to the Daily Mail says: "The Italian warships have landed marines at San Mun bay, thus virtually taking possession. Italy will pay nearly £80,000 for the concession. The Tsung Li Yamen wishes to reduce the lease to fifty years."

The Pekin correspondent of the Times says that the Tsung Li Yamen supports Great Britain, against the protest of the Russian government, regarding the terms of the Nin-Chwang railway extension loan, recently subscribed in London, the ground of Russian objection being that the clause appointing a British subject chief engineer of the line is in conflict with the Russo-Chinese agreement.

Continuing, the correspondent says: "It is asserted that since the Tsung Li Yamen returned Italy's despatch, Sir Claude MacDonald, British minister to China, has presented a note supporting Italy's demand, and it is probable that Italy will now take possession of San Mun bay, encountering practically no resistance."

PEKIN, March 5.—The Tsung Li Yamen (Chinese foreign office) has returned to the Italian charge d'affaires, Marquis Calvago Raggi, his despatch containing the demand of the Italian government for a lease of San Mun bay on the same conditions as those under which Germany holds Kiao-Chou bay, accompanying it with a letter declaring that the Chinese government is unable to grant the request.

The demand of the Italian government for a 99-year lease of San Mun bay, province of Che-Kiang, as a coaling station and naval base, included also a demand for the concession of three islands off the coast of Che-Kiang, with the right to construct a railroad from San Mun bay to Pe-Yang lake, and to preferential railroad and mining privileges within a sphere of influence covering the southern two-thirds of Che-Kiang province.

According to a despatch from Pekin last Friday, the action of the Italian government has caused great excitement there, not only among the Chinese, but also among the foreign diplomatists, the Chinese being convinced that Great Britain was chiefly responsible for the demand, and that it had been made to emphasize Great Britain's displeasure at the turn which the northern railroad question had taken.

The representative of a great power, according to the same despatch, was reported to have said that the moment had arrived for international control of China, and it was also asserted that if the policy of spheres of influence is to be inaugurated, the United States would doubtless have a say in the matter, with a probable preference for the province of Chi-Li.

ROME, March 5.—Little attention is paid here to the refusal of the Chinese government to grant the requested lease of San Mun bay, to be used as a naval base and coaling station. No doubt is entertained that the concession will be made after further negotiations.

Rear Admiral Grebet embarked today on Italian cruiser Stromboli at Naples to take command of the Italian squadron in Chinese waters.

DREYFUS PROSTRATED.

He Expects to Return to Paris, but His Condition is Serious.

LONDON, March 6.—The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Cayenne, capital of French Guiana, says: "In the course of a recent conversation, Dreyfus declared that his return to France was imminent but that for the past month he had received no news. I understand that he is in a state of prostration that causes considerable anxiety."

The Daily Chronicle this morning publishes another instalment of alleged revelations by Count Ferdinand Walsin Esterhazy as to his relations with the French general staff. It adds but little to what was already known. Count Esterhazy himself is in Paris.

MAKING "FUDGES" FOR A LIVING.

A young woman living in a town in which one of the largest universities is situated, has hit upon an excellent method of earning her own living. Her skill in making "fudges," those toothsome chocolate sweets that are said to have originated at Vassar, had often been praised by her friends, and it occurred to her one day that what she did for pleasure might be turned to profit. She made a few boxes of the sweetmeats, and induced a neighboring druggist to let them be on sale in his store. The first boxes, and afterwards a second and larger lot, were quickly disposed of and orders for more were received, chiefly from the collegians. Her next step was to get some plain white boxes, pack the fudges in them and tie the boxes with a broad ribbon of the college color. Having some little skill with her brush, she decorated each ribbon band with the college name, and put this newly tilled fudge on her market. There was an immediate and generous response. The undergraduates were delighted with the compliment and the tasteful daintiness of her wares, and although her business began only last October, she has already found it necessary to enlarge her plant to keep pace with her orders. An assistant is employed to help her with the unskilled part of the process, and she herself works every day, and often until late in the night in an effort to supply the demand for her bonbons. She has established agencies throughout the town and in a neighboring city, and is probably building up a permanent and excellent business.—[New York Post.

RUSSIA TABOOS BISMARCK'S AUTOBIOGRAPHY.

The Supreme Press Department of Russia, it is said, has set its seal of disapproval on the Iron Chancellor's book, published in the United States by Harper & Brothers, and a strict censorship has refused booksellers permission to put the work on sale. Thousands of copies are hidden throughout the empire, waiting to be disposed of secretly or for a relaxation of the censorship. The question will be finally settled by the minister of foreign affairs, and at present is waiting for his decision. The press department took this action because the work contains many references to subjects which are still tender to Russian sensibilities, and which in the czar's realm are never mentioned.

In connection with this it is interesting to note the reception which the book has met in Germany. Six weeks ago 100,000 copies had been sold, but if report is to be credited that is but the beginning of its circulation. December 8 the Berlin correspondent of the London Standard wrote that 318,000 copies had been ordered, but as only 100,000 copies had been printed it would be months before all orders could be filled. It seems the German publishers estimated that the book should sell at least as well as General Grant's Memoirs, and regulated the size of their first edition on that expectation.

THE IMPORTANCE OF BUSINESS TRAINING FOR WOMEN.

True, it is unusual to find a young girl with an independent fortune; but she may marry rich, and what a help she would be to a sensible man if she were capable of aiding him in his business affairs! Again, she might be left a widow, and have the entire direction of her husband's property. No knowledge is ever lost. The more one knows, the more one realizes how little one does know. I maintain that a woman's intellect is perfectly capable of coping with and understanding business affairs. In some matters she is far shrewder than the average man, and in many cases her quick insight sees at a glance that which man requires time to penetrate. Only give her half a chance. I do not wish for a moment to be understood as advocating women becoming stockbrokers or lawyers; nothing could be more unnatural or unsuitable. It seems to me only in accordance with the wishes of a reasonable woman to participate with her brothers in such rudimentary knowledge as will enable her to oversee or take the entire charge of her own property. Take, for example, a well-to-do New York business man. He has acquired through his own industry and shrewdness a large fortune. He maps out the education for his children. His sons are sent to the best schools, and afterward to college. He determines that no expense shall be spared to fit them for their future career.—[Alexandra L. B. Ide, in Popular Science Monthly.

"HUNGRY AS A BEAR."

In this happy land no famine comes nigh the Sierra bear. All the year round his bread is sure, for some of the thousands of kinds that he likes are always in season and accessible, ranged on the shelves of the mountain like stores in a pantry. From one to the other, from climate to climate, up and down he climbs, feasting on each in turn, enjoying as great variety as if he traveled to far-off countries north and south. To him almost everything is food except granite. Every tree helps to feed him, and every bush and herb, with fruits and flowers, leaves and bark, and almost everything living or dead within reach, animals and insects—badgers, gophers, ground squirrels, lizards, snakes, etc., and ants, bees, wasps, old and young, together with their eggs and larvae, and their moss, grass and paper nests. Crunched and hashed, down all go to his marvelous stomach and vanish as if cast into a fire. What digestion! A sheep or wounded deer or a pig he eats warm about as quickly as a boy eats a buttered muffin, or, should the meat be a month old, it is still welcomed with tremendous relish. After so gross a meal as this, perhaps the next will be strawberries and clover, or raspberries with mushrooms and nuts, or puckery acorns and choke-cherries. And, as if fearing that anything eatable in all his dominions should escape being eaten, he breaks into cabins to look after dried apples, bacon, etc.; and if still hungry he eats the mountaineer's bed; but when he has had a full meal of more tempting dainties he usually leaves it undisturbed, though he has been known to drag it up through a hole in the roof, carry it to the foot of a tree and lie down on it to enjoy a siesta. Eating everything, never is he himself eaten, except by man, and man alone is an enemy to be feared. "Bar meat," said a hunter, from whom I was seeking information; "bar meat is the best meat in the mountains, their skins make the best beds and their grease the best butter. Biscuit shortened with bar grease goes as far as beans; a man will walk all day on a couple of them biscuit."—[John Muir, in the Atlantic.

RAINBOW AND ROSE.

In the middle of June many centuries ago the sun was at its height. On the higher land all the trees and flowers were scorched and dried up from the long drought, and his burning rays pierced their way even to the cool and stately garden which lay in the shelter of the valley many feet below, but they only touched lightly the myriad of beautiful flowers that raised their heads so gladly to meet his soft, caressing touch, which fell in slanting shadows amid the thick green foliage.

Everything seemed to thrive in this old fashioned garden, from the proud white lily to the humble blue forgetmenot growing in bunches in the soft, yielding moss, but the most beautiful of all were the masses of roses, red, yellow and pink, and the faintly tinted tea rose, and in their midst, seeming to stand alone and apart from all the rest, a beautiful pink La France, her bright green leaves forming a halo round her. The other roses in the garden looked up to her as their queen, the birds would come and sing their best songs before her, and the proud peacocks would carry their tails higher and strut more vainly as they passed before her.

When a shower of rain came, the other roses would sometimes droop and wither, or a petal or two would fall softly from them to the ground, but the queen of roses would only shake her leaves gently, so that the sparkling drops would fall from her, leaving her more beautiful than before.

The flowers had it all their own way in this beautiful, half forgotten acre of God. No rough gardener came to cut away their thorns, snip off their dead buds and gather them to put into vases, where they would droop and die in a few short hours. Only a little child would come sometimes and touch them softly, almost reverently, with his thin white fingers, and whisper childish things to them, and the flowers would answer back, and the boy seemed to understand them and know their language, for his wistful eyes would brighten and a smile play round his small mouth. But he would linger longest by the pale pink rose, who would bend her stately head close to the small golden one, and the faint rose tints of her leaves would be reflected on the white, tired face of the child.

And he was always tired now, and in the great heat of the day he could seldom drag his [illegible] beds as far as the roses. [illegible] began to set and [illegible] came; then, if he were well [illegible] would come.

But o[illegible] grew longer [illegible] ers raised their [illegible] he lily white [illegible] and over the [illegible] and the petals [illegible] the ground in their [illegible] ngs were hushed, and [illegible] peacocks swept their [illegible] dejectedly behind them.

The stately [illegible] bowed her proud head, and a [illegible] silence crept closer and closer, for [illegible] the garden was the shadow of death.

And the roses mourned among themselves long and sorrowfully, but none mourned so deeply as the stately queen. She missed the soft, caressing fingers of the child; she missed the golden curls which had rested so often and so lovingly near her heart.

Must she always grow alone, without anything to love and call her own? Why could she not have a little child to take the place of the one who was gone?

The days passed on, and she held herself more apart from the other flowers, and the mantle of her sadness descended over them and over all the garden. The birds ceased their songs, the sparkling streams of water no longer rippled over the smooth white pebbles, but were almost dried up, with only a faint thread trickling half heartedly along. The roses were withered and dying, until one morning there came a soft, refreshing shower of rain, and the flowers began to revive.

All day long the rain increased in volume, then toward evening suddenly died away, and on the clear blue of the sky above appeared the many colored hues of a rainbow, and as the roses looked toward their queen they raised their drooping heads in amazement.

For the rainbow had descended from the sky above and enveloped her in its clinging folds, hiding her from the eyes that would see and marking her his own.

Summer once more in the garden that lies in the shelter of the valley. Summer, but not the noonday heat.

Eventide, and the silver moon arrayed in all her best.

Birds are singing on every bough as if their little throats would burst, so eager are they to do homage to the occasion. All the flowers are arrayed in their brightest and bravest colors, and the streams make merry music as they bubble over the smooth white pebbles.

And by the queen of roses nestles a small pink rosebud. So small, so tender, is he that her leaves almost enfold him. For the stately La France's wish has been granted her, and tonight the garden is en fete for the christening of the offspring of the many hued rainbow and the proud rose.

The insects come one by one to bring their offerings and lay them at the rose's feet, and each flower wafts one of her petals, which contains a wish for the sleeping child. The stars, too, drop from heaven and rest lightly over him, and then, when all have come and gone, the moon's silver rays center themselves on the rose and her child, lighting them up and leaving all the rest in gloom, and in the silence and hush of that glorious summer night the moon speaks:

"I give to this child a name that shall live for ever and ever, that shall work more good than evil, that shall bring happiness to many and misery to few—a name without which no one can live, for the name which I give to your child is—Love."—Lady's Realm.

CORN-GROWING ON A LARGE SCALE.

The essentials of a profitable farm are good land, well drained but not too rolling, and accessibility to reasonable transportation. Six thousand acres being about three miles square makes the largest farm which can be operated to advantage from a single central station; a larger acreage simply means two or more farms.

About April 1 men and mules move on the fields in battalions. Four-horse seeders, four-foot harrows, and six-horse gang-plows, manoeuvre for six weeks like an army, sowing small grain, plowing, and planting corn. The minute the small grain is sown 31 corn-planters are thrown behind the plows, and in this work lies largely the success or failure of the crop. Note, for instance, the palms taken in selecting the seed corn.

A perfect stand of corn is the first requisite of a large yield. From a choice piece of land previously planted with selected seed about 2,000 bushels of the finest ears are taken. From these an expert selects 600 bushels. These ears are placed on racks in a building arranged especially for a seed-house. Whatever the thermometer registers in Iowa, the temperature in that seed-house never falls below freezing. All this insures the highest possible germinating power in the seed, and that alone might, in case of a cold, wet spring, save the entire profit of the season by producing a good stand.

The planting must of necessity be done by machinery, and to secure the maximum yield three seed kernels must be dropped in each hill. If five drop in, that hill is lost to the profit account; if only one it is partially lost.

But perfect as American farming machinery is, it does not leave the factory perfect enough to insure against irregular planting. Patiently and by a series of exhaustive tests the planter plates are so adjusted to the size of the seed kernels for each year that they will deposit an average of sixty-five kernels to every twenty hills, and not more than four nor less than two in any one. So great are the precautions that before the seed is shelled the tips and butts of the seed ears are cut off to secure kernels of an even size.

Even after this delicate adjustment of the best machinery in the world, foremen follow the 31 planters and at intervals open hills to count the seed deposits and make sure that each machine is doing its work. In addition, a purse of $100 is split into eight prizes between the eight men who do the best work and whose teams mark the straightest rows. With such method is it any wonder that the crop on this farm averaged 60 bushels per acre, against the average of 32 bushels as given Iowa by the government report for 1898?

After the seeding, the harrowing, and it is done with extraordinary energy and concentration. One hundred and forty sections of four-foot harrows sweep the fields like a charge of cavalry. Every time they move a mile together sixty-two acres are covered.

When the 3,800 acres of corn are up and ready 70 two-horse cultivators are put into it. The point in the first cultivation one way and in the second the other way is to get as close as possible to the corn; but after the palms taken to place is there no plant must be left covered by a clod of earth. The field-hand must uncover it, and a foreman on horseback is held responsible for his crew's work. In the third and final cultivation the earth is thrown up against the plant, the small weeds in the hill being smothered and the large ones pulled by hand. It will be of interest to merchants and to theological professors to learn that it is not the weed in the row, but the one in the hill which mars the beauty of the balance sheet.

The corn being now three feet high, the interlacing roots and the overhanging stalks prevent further cultivation. Into this field, approximating one mile square and six miles in length, are sent in October 75 wagons and men for the husking. This takes 60 days, and a row of cribs 10 feet wide and 10 feet high, half a mile long, are required to hold the crop.—[Frank H. Spearman, in Review of Reviews.

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Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, March 6, 7 and 8.

This display will include samples of all the novelties in wash materials, sailor and junior suits, and two-piece short trouser suits for the coming season in Boys' Clothing, in which the quality of material and work will be guaranteed.

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Philadelphia and Reading White Ash in stove, egg and chestnut sizes.
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AN OPEN WEEK.

No Local Theatrical Entertainments Announced.

This will be an open week at the Opera House, but next week there will be a performance of the well-known musical comedy, "The Telephone Girl," Thursday evening. The company to present "The Telephone Girl" is the one that has been playing in New York, Boston and other cities, and includes Louis Mann and Clara Lipman in the leading roles.

Sousa's opera, "The Bride Elect," with Hilda Clark, Albert Hart, Christie MacDonald, Melville Stewart, Harry Luckstone and Mabella Baker in the leading roles, will be the attraction at the Providence Opera House this week. There will be, as usual, continuous vaudeville at Keith's; Clifford and Ruth will be seen in "A High-born Lady" at the Olympic, the Romain Stock Company will present "An Unequal Match", at the Palma Theatre, and Harry Morris's "Little Lambs" will be at the Westminster.

Dan Daly in "The Belle of New York" will be the attraction at the Providence Opera House for three nights, commencing Monday March 13, and the new farce, "Brown's in Town," will fill out the remainder of the week.

Viola Allen begins her engagement in "The Christian" at the Boston Museum this evening. Julia Marlowe gives Boston its first sight of her new play "Colinette," at the Hollis Street Theatre; "The Geisha" will return to the Tremont, May Irwin begins an engagement at the Park, appearing in her latest successful play "Kate Kip, Buyer," the Castle Square Theatre Company will give its third week of "The Prodigal Daughter," "Shenandoah" enters upon its last week at the Boston; the comedy drama, "Lost in New York," will be seen at the Bowdoin Square, and Graham's Southern Specialty Company returns to the Grand Opera House.

"The Last Chapter," a new play by George H. Broadhurst, author of "What Happened to Jones," will be given its first presentation in New York at the Garden Theatre this evening, and the comedy, "That Man," by Madame Charlres, will return to the Bijou Theatre.

Alice Neilsen's next comic opera will have Victor Herbert's music, Stanislaus Stange's dialogue and Harry B. Smith's verse.

Bronson Heward and Brander Matthews are writing a comedy for William H. Crane.

David Belasco's new play for Mrs. Leslie Carter is ready for the stage, but will not be produced until next year.

James O'Neill appears as D'Artagnan in "The Musketeers" this evening in Montreal. The version is by Sydney Grundy.

Paul Hervier's play, "The Law for Men," to be performed in Italy by Eleonora Duse, has been purchased for this country by Augustin Daly.

Maude Adams will be seen one night as Juliet at the Providence Opera House later in the season.

Josephine Hall has returned from Cuba. She was not encouraged by the outlook for a vaudeville company in Havana.

N. C. Goodwin will produce a new play by Clyde Fitch, "The Lady and Cowboy," in Philadelphia this week. Another play by Mr. Fitch, "The Courtship of Barbara Frietchie," was accepted by Charles Frohman last week for Julia Marlowe.

Julia Arthur, while in Baltimore recently, ordered the curtain lowered and had the announcement made that the play would be stopped if a fashionable party in the audience could not be silenced. Talking was suspended, the audience, with the exception of the loud talkers, applauded, and the scene was resumed.

The English papers report that Ellen Terry has met with great success in her provincial tour. At Easter Miss Terry will rejoin Henry Irving at the London Lyceum, appearing in Sardou's "Robespierre."

Mr. and Mrs. Kendal are coming to this country next autumn, under Daniel Frohman's management. One of their plays will be a new one, entitled "The Poverty of Riches," by Ernest Hendrie and Metcalfe Wood.

Aubrey Boucicault's romantic costume play, "A Court Scandal," continues an enormous success at the Court Theatre, London, and will be produced in New York upon a gorgeous scale by Brady & Ziegfeld next fall.

The stocking cap and "jersey" worn by Viola Allen in the prologue of "The Christian" were knitted for her by an old woman in Douglass, Isle of Man, when she visited Hall Caine at Gerba Castle, last summer.

New York has had 14 consecutive weeks of grand opera, and there is yet more to come.

So great has been the success of "Zaza" that Mrs. Leslie Carter will attempt nothing else for the coming two years.

The American rights of "A Little Ray of Sunshine," W. S. Penley's latest London success, have been secured by Mr. Wallace Erskine and Mr. Herbert Sparling, two well known English actor-managers, who have just arrived here to arrange for its production in New York next autumn. They intend to bring over their own London company in September to present this comedy for an extended tour in the principal cities, and will probably also offer other novelties during their stay.

May Robson will leave Frohman's Empire Company at the end of the season. She is known as an eccentric comedienne. Her last appearance in New York was in "Never Again," as the dumb wife. A few years ago she was the slatternly slavey in "Liberty Hall." Her resignation is attributed to the fact that she has been given small parts for some time, and that no better opportunities will be afforded in next season's plays.

Johann Strauss, according to most recent reports from Vienna, is confined to his bed by a severe attack of bronchitis. Herr Strauss, after witnessing the first production of Goldmark's new opera, "Die Kriegsgefangene," at the Imperial Opera House last week, was seized with a sudden attack of ague, and on being conveyed home was found to be also suffering from bronchitis. The doctors describe his condition as serious.

Justice Beekman of the New York supreme court has denied the application of Benjamin P. Cheney, Julia Arthur's husband and manager, to continue an injunction, pending trial, restraining Eugenia Blair from producing "A Lady of Quality" in the New England states and in New York state. At the same time he enjoined Miss Blair from playing "A Lady of Quality" in the city of New Orleans.

The season of grand opera begins at the Boston Theatre Monday evening, March 27, and will consist of 16 performances, 12 nights and four matinees. The sale of subscription tickets has already broken all previous records. The Maurice Grau company which will give the performances includes Jean and Edouard De Reszke, Emma Eames, Lillian Nordica, Lilli Lehmann, Marie Brema, Pol Plancon, Victor Maurel, Bispham and Campanari, Frau Sedlmann-Helak, Fraulein Olga Pevny, Ernest Van Dyck, Albert Saleza, Anton Van Rooy, Franz Schalk, Heard Albers, Lempriere Pringle, Andreas Dippel, Miss Suzanne Adams and Herman Devries.

The selection of Miss Ada Rehan to be the star of the next melodrama at Drury Lane, London, is a great compliment to the American stage. She goes to Drury Lane as star and will undoubtedly add new laurels to her already extensive collection in the new play which the authors of "The Great Ruby" are now preparing especially for her. It is expected that this piece will run in London until late next autumn, when Miss Rehan will return to New York and be seen again in the same play at Daly's Theatre. According to the present plan Miss Rehan will in future divide her time between the two cities in this way. Next season it is probable she will be seen at Drury Lane in some of her well known Shakespearian roles.

AN IDEAL TUNIC.

The tunic skirt is aptly combined in the illustration with a waist trimmed to further carry out the idea. The underskirt is formed by a circular piece attached to a gored foundation. This extends only a little above the tunic, just enough to avoid the possibility of the foundation skirt being displayed. The tunic is cut in one piece, fastening at the opening in front. The back is smooth and seamless, fitting without a wrinkle all around. The back of the waist is smooth and seamless. The front has a very little fullness and overlaps, opening on a line with the tunic. It is cut out in a square at the top and filled in by a guimpe of white cloth, finished by a collar cut high at the sides and low front



and back. A large collar of the red cloth is cut in scallops and trimmed, like the rest of the gown, with black braid in two widths. The belt is of black silk.

This use of black and white continues one of the smartest combinations for trimming or retrimming a colored gown. The use of scallops is another of the season's fads, and the various parts that may be thus cut are in some measure illustrated here. Note the sleeves, which are long and widened out over the hand. These are cut in two scallops.

The short jackets, cut in scallops at the edge, which came over four or five inches below the belt, are still fashionable; and all sorts of little rounding basques, rather short, are in vogue. Some long jackets are seen, but they must be of the best fabrics, and made by an expert, to come up to the requirements of fashion.

STREET COSTUME.

Costume with skirt of beige and brown check woolen goods. Coat of brown cloth, fastening with buttons in the centre and trimmed with revers and collar of the check goods. Material required for coat, 48 inches wide, 2¼ yards; for skirt, 54 inches wide, 3½ yards. Coat cut in 34, 36 and 38 bust measure. Skirt cut in 24, 26 and 28 inches waist measure.

A special illustration and full directions for putting together will be



found on the pattern, to secure which preserve the numbers (285 and 285½) and enclose with ten cents, giving full name and address with house number, to the Daily News office. Where two numbers are given the pattern is a double number, and if both are desired twenty cents must be sent.

RECIPROCITY.

The little house that is my heart
I robbed of treasure for his sake;
I had been glad with more to part,
And he, I'm sure, with more to take.

Ere I had time to miss my gold,
Love Eighteen at my door 'lis said;
The little house can scarcely hold
The riches that he has bestowed!

—[Mary A. Mason, in the Century.

THE TAMING OF THE MARCH HARE.

One day I saw a curious sight I could not understand.
'T was twilight as I rode alone, afar in prairie land.
When suddenly a bounding hare came scurrying swiftly by,
And on his back a pygmy rode! In vain the hare did try
To shake him off; the pygmy clung in true "Rough Rider" style;
He pulled the reins; he shouted, and used his whip the while.
So plucky was the little mite, despite myself I cheered.
"Hurrah!" I cried. And, at the word—both creatures disappeared.

—[Christopher Valentine, in St. Nicholas.

FANCIES.

Our nation is a jewel bright.
If we go on and win
The numerous islands now in sight,
'Twill be a cluster pin.

—[Washington Star.

Temper has its missionsome people are so cross that they are funny.—[Chicago Record.

"Piano playing is said to healthful."
"Yes; the girl next door drives us all to the parks every Sunday afternoon."—[Chicago Record.

Bobby—And we'll never be ill in Heaven?
Mamma—No, never, my dear.
"Then I will be allowed to eat all the candy I want."—[Brooklyn Life.

Wicks—'Pon my soul, I believe a bad cook supplies a doctor with half his patients.
Hicks—Yes; and a good one supplies him with the other half.—[Harper's Bazar.

"The oldest national flag in the world is that of Denmark, which has been in use since the year 1219." Wonder if this is the something rotten in Denmark that Hamlet referred to. It is old enough to be.—[Boston Transcript.

"Lost your job, eh?" said Brisk. "Well, I've warned you not to be so careless. How'd you lose it?"
"I don't know," replied Skip. "I was drunk at the time."—[Philadelphia North American.

"The Browns have a new Scotch nurse who speaks with a burr."
"That's nothing. We have a new French maid who speaks with a brogue."—[Brooklyn Life.

Sister (to Tommie, who has just been to hear a famous pianist)—How did you enjoy the recital, Tom?
Brother—It was a big cheat, sis! A long-haired duffer played the piano, and nobody recited at all.—[Harper's Bazar.

Novice—Say, friend, can you tell me whether Singer, the pugilist, is a heavyweight or a lightweight?
Old Sport—Neither; he's a paperweight.
Novice—Paperweight?
Old Sport—Yes; does all his scrapping in the papers.—[Philadelphia Record.

"What!" exclaimed the lawyer; "you think of pleading guilty?"
"Yes," replied the criminal; "they've got a lot of evidence. Confession is good for the soul, anyhow."
"Oh, nonsense! This is no time to think of your soul!"—[Puck.

It was the shank of the evening in Berlin.
"Good evening, Herr Police Officer," said the citizen.
"Come with me," was the policeman's answer.
"Donner-wetter! Was ist los?" asked the astonished citizen.
"You that it is evening assumed have, when the Emperor not dined has yet already."—[Indianapolis Journal.

"Please, sir," said one of the small twins as they entered the grocery, "we want a cent's worth of beans."
"What do you want them for?" asked the grocer.
"'Cause our mamma's gone out, and she told us not to swallow any beans while she was gone, and we can't find any in the house," was the reply.—[Chicago News.

"I suppose," said the Congressman's friend, "you will be very glad to go home and get a little rest."
"Rest!" echoed the statesman; "with the opposition party looming up as it never did before and my chance for nomination still in doubt? My friend, leaving Washington is like getting out of a warm bed at 6 o'clock in the morning to chop wood."—[Washington Star.

McLubberty—Owld Uncle Moike Duffy is out av his moind intoirely!
Mrs. McLubberty—Phwot makes yez say that?
McLubberty—Phwoy, he's been afther makin' his will an' l'avin' ivery'ing he's got in dhe worruld to his heirs, not kapin' back for himsilf as much as a quarther's wort' av anny'ing. Tink av it, l'avin himsilf pinniless at his age, in case he should doie!—[Harper's Bazar.

PERSONALS.

....Mrs. Lydia Gale died at her home in Everett, Mass., Friday, aged 101 years.

....Rev. Henry Whitehead, principal of Bishop's College, Calcutta, has been appointed Bishop of Madras.

....Ex-President Cleveland and Captain Robley Evans have gone South to enjoy a hunting and fishing trip to South Carolina.

....When Dr. Eliot became president of Harvard he at once donned for the first time in his life a high silk hat. In all the years since that time he has never been seen out of doors in any other style of headgear.

....Senator Hanna has invited President McKinley to go with him this week to his place at Thomasville, Ga., for a rest, and the President has promised to go if the public business will permit his absence.

....Dr. Merrill E. Gates, late president of Amherst College, is to succeed General Elphalet Whittlesey as secretary of the board of Indian commissioners. He has been a member of the board for a number of years and its president.

....Dr. Richard Garnett, keeper of the printed books in the British Museum, during whose incumbency and under whose direction the monumental catalogue of works in the Museum library was printed, has resigned his appointment and will retire March 20. He has just completed his forty-eighth year of continuous service in the Museum.

....Speaker Reed has been presented by nine members of the New York delegation with a handsome loving cup, as a token of esteem and regard. The cup is of Renaissance design, about eighteen inches high, with beautifully carved base and handles.

....Michael A. Woolf, one of the most gifted artists of the time in his peculiar line, died in New York Friday night of heart disease. Mr. Woolf's reputation as an illustrator of magazines and weekly periodicals depended on his very remarkable sketches of children of the slums and bootblacks and newsboys. It has been said frequently that no man has ever portrayed poor children with such humor and pathos. And, singularly, this reputation came to him after he had made a name at wood engraving, at acting and at painting. He was born in London in 1837 and was brought to America when he was six months old.

ICE TREATMENT FOR PNEUMONIA.

The case recently reported to the Hartford, Conn., Medical Society, of a man in the last stages of pneumonia being saved from death by a doctor burying him in snow has aroused no particular interest among medical men in this city. The ice treatment in pneumonia was introduced here about six years ago by Dr. Thomas J. Mays, professor of diseases of the chest, in the Polyclinic Hospital. Since its introduction it has found favor with many practitioners, and in cases where the temperature is very high it is quite frequently used. Like nearly everything else in medicine, it has its opponents, who claim that the ice treatment is extremely dangerous to the life of the patient.

Dr. Mays says: "I have read of the case referred to. There is nothing very new in the use of snow as a substitute for ice in treating acute cases of pneumonia. I have known of it being done in this state, but I have never witnessed the use of snow in Philadelphia for any such purpose. Its effects are probably as beneficial, but I think it has many disadvantages, such as soiling the bed clothes, for instance. Then, too, wherever snow can be procured, ice can, and I see no reason for preferring the former.

"As to the ice application, I consider it less dangerous than any other form of treatment. The percentage of recoveries is greater, the crisis being hastened, and the disease sometimes aborted by the use of ice. The first case that I treated this way in 1892 was entirely successful, and since then the results achieved justify the method of treatment. The effect of ice is sometimes remarkable. Occasionally when applied at the crisis it causes an apparently miraculous recovery in just such a case as occurred recently in Connecticut."

Another very prominent physician expressed his views on the case in question as follows: "The doctor who reported the case to the Hartford Medical Society was evidently misquoted, otherwise I do not understand some of the statements made in the recently published article. For instance, it speaks of the patient being in the last gasp, dead almost as it were, and then recovering in forty-five minutes sufficiently to talk with the physician. Such a thing in pneumonia would be well-nigh impossible. The lungs in the last stages of the disease are almost completely filled, and it would take days and even weeks to empty them. The ice treatment by many is considered dangerous. I suppose snow would serve the purpose if ice was unobtainable, but the use of it otherwise would be so untidy, ice being generally applied in bags, that it could hardly be defended."—[Philadelphia Press.

MENU FOR TUESDAY.

Self reverence, self knowledge, self control.
These three alone lead life to sovereign power.
—[Tennyson.

Breakfast.

Baked Bananas.
Oat Flakes, Cream and Sugar.
Kidney Cutlets. Potatoes au Gratin.
Fayal Biscuit.
Coffee.

Luncheon.

Blanquette of Liver. Celery.
Toasted Fayal Biscuit. Chowchow.
Cocoa.

Dinner.

Clear Broth with Vermicelli.
Timbales of Chicken. Orange Sauce.
Sweet Potato Chips.
Lettuce Salad, French Dressing.
New England Apple Pie. Cream Cheese.
Coffee.

Blanquette of Liver. Wash two pounds of liver and let it boil gently for two hours. When done, cool it and cut into small dice. Make a sauce of half milk and half stock, add one teaspoonful of lemon juice, one teaspoonful chopped parsley and the diced meat. Cook five minutes and serve.

A CARD.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a fifty cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar, if it fails to cure your cold or cough. We also warrant a twenty-five cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or no pay.

E. S. BLUMENKRANZ.

BABY'S Terrible ECZEMA

My baby suffered from terrible Eczema. Doctor and every remedy tried, to no account. He cried all the time and his face was like raw meat. I had to carry him on a pillow, and was fairly discouraged. I used half a box of CUTICURA (ointment) and CUTICURA SOAP, and *in one week my baby was entirely cured.* To-day his skin is as smooth as silk. MRS. J. C. FREESE, 303 S. 1st st., Brooklyn, N.Y.

SPEEDY CURE TREATMENT FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES.—Warm baths with CUTICURA SOAP, and gentle anointings with CUTICURA, greatest of skin cures.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Props., Boston. How to Cure Baby's Eczema, free.

FOR SALE.

One extension front coupe,	$250 00
One pony trap, new,	125.00
One golf cart,	65.00

Fiddler Brothers, 15 Beach Street.

Shawknit STOCKINGS

are double thread, and give double wear. They

Wear Best
Fit Best
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"JENNINGS"

Has them on sale, and the Madrid Pants also.

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DRUGGISTS.

Melissine,

THE POPULAR REMEDY FOR CHAPPED HANDS, LIPS OR ANY ROUGHNESS OF THE SKIN.

The only perfect substitute for Glycerine, Cold Cream or Camphor Ice—without being sticky or greasy; contains no poisonous substances.

PREPARED ONLY BY

DOWNING BROTHERS,
PHARMACISTS,
42 & 44 BROADWAY.

Cold Weather Necessities!

Wright's Tolu Tar and Wild Cherry for Coughs and Colds.
Chamois Vests and Lung Protectors.
Hot Water Bottles.

JAMES T. WRIGHT, Pharmacist,
22 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Prevent Grippe
By taking a bottle of
Wood's Iron Tonic.
It thickens the blood, stimulates the circulation and makes you
GRIPPE-PROOF.
PREPARED BY
GEO. A. WOOD, Druggist,
106 BROADWAY.

W. H. STRATFORD,
Registered Pharmacist.

HAZARD, HAZARD & CO.'S
THE ORIGINAL NO. 6 COLOGNE,
ALL SIZES.
Colgate & Co.'s Perfumes and Toilet Soaps.
Prescriptions put up with care and dispatch.
Telephone. Night Clerk.
Bellevue Avenue, Cor. Levin St.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary
Old No. 145. New No. 220 THAMES STREET.

HAY, GRAIN, MEAL, ETC.

Grass Seed! Seed Oats!

We have the very best quality of Grass Seed, and our prices are the lowest.

Also perfectly clean New York, Michigan, Vermont and Connecticut Seed Oats.

THE C. E. SPOONER CO.,
COMMERCIAL WHARF. TELEPHONE.

HAY, GRAIN AND STRAW,
SALT, Etc.
D. Shanahan, Commercial Wharf

Before you Buy Turkeys come and examine the POULTRY

—AT—

Phil. Stevens's

RAISINS,

Citron, Nuts, etc.

48 & 50 Thames St.

Don't forget to ask for stamps

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,
Housefurnishing Goods.

Stoves, Furnaces, Ranges, Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Workers, Wooden Ware, Brooms and Brushes.

All kinds of Fishing and Sporting Tackle, Netting of every description for Fishing, Fruit, Poultry or Lawn Tennis, Cordage, Twine, Duck, Bunting, Yacht and Boat Galvanized and Brass Hardware, Blocks, Oars, Lanterns, Compasses, Tennis Netting put up at shortest notice.

FLAGS MADE TO ORDER.

Agent for Plymouth Cordage Co., Hazard Powder Co.

U. S. Charts and Other Publications.

185 Thames Street.

D. E. Young's BARGAINS!

We are unable to continue the enormous sale of Cheap Pure Coffee for the present, owing to the manufacturers being unable to supply our orders. However, we shall for weeks continue to meet our customers with other bargains.

For TEN DAYS we shall sell our 1,000 cans NEW CANNED GOODS, consisting of

PEAS, CORN, BEANS and TOMATOES,
3 TINS for 25c., CASH.

Following this we shall offer many other bargains.

IT IS NOT NECESSARY TO REMIND OUR FRIENDS THAT OUR MEAT DEPARTMENT IS NOT EQUALLED IN THE CITY FOR PRICES AND QUALITY.

D. E. Young
130 THAMES STREET.

New Seed and Hardware Store.

Mr. H. L. DeBlois, formerly of Cohn & DeBlois, having opened a Seed and Hardware store at 80 Broadway, Smith's Block, will be pleased to see all of his old friends and customers and as many new ones who wish first-class Seeds, Hardware and Garden Tools.

H. L. DeBLOIS, 80 Broadway.

GROCERIES.

ESTABLISHED 1811.

Chapman's Macaroon Powder

For making the most delicious Almond Macaroons.
1-lb. cans, 30c.; 4 for $1.

PENOLIA, A preparation of fresh roasted peanuts for sandwiches.
12c.; 3 for 30c.

Pancake Cereal Flour,
The finest pancake flour on the market.
10c.; 3 papers for 25c.

Norway Bloaters, No. 1, and Silver Back Salt Mackerel.
10-lb. kits for Lent.

C. SHERMAN & CO.
Telephone 335-2.

50c.

A 50c. purchase at Eddy's Cash Grocery and Market may secure you a Columbia Chainless Bicycle FREE.

Only one ticket required this time if you are the holder of the lucky number.

Every ticket will be numbered, with a duplicate number deposited in a box to be drawn from on April 1, 1899. The lucky number will take Columbia Chainless Bicycle No. 2, free of charge.

RECEIVED TODAY, A LARGE LOT OF ALL KINDS OF

Poultry, Ducks, Chickens, Fowl and Turkeys at Low Prices.

James A. Eddy,

Cash Grocery and Market,
250 THAMES STREET.
TELEPHONE NO. 110.

Webb's Cream Sugar Corn,

Young, tender, sweet and fully equal to the finest sweet corn freshly cut from the garden in its season.

Honey Dew Sugar Peas.

All we can say is: They are simply "perfection in canned peas," and far superior to much of the fresh stock sold in the markets in their season. Try them.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,
Smith Building, Broadway.
O. F. WILCOX, PROP'R.

Bennett, Simpson & Co's
PURE SPICES.

They are not only pure, but ground from high-grade, whole Spices. If you are not using them please compare them with the brand you are using and see how much better Bennett, Simpson & Co.'s are.

Peckham & Manchester,
BROADWAY.

T. P. CROWLEY,
Marine Railways.
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Pile Driving and Dock Building.
NAPHTHA LAUNCHES.
Yards—370 Thames St., 132 Long Wha.
NEWPORT, R. I.

The Allen,

139 THAMES STREET.
D. B. & J. T. ALLEN.
OPEN EVERY EVENING.

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.
T. T. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.
Office, 207 Thames Street.
News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00.

TELEPHONE CALLS.
Business Office, down stairs, 17-2.
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 17-3.
Publisher's Residence, 21 High Street, 322-4.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office.

Newport Daily News

MONDAY, MARCH 6, 1899.

SUBSCRIBERS WHO FAIL TO RECEIVE THEIR PAPERS REGULARLY AND IN GOOD CONDITION SHOULD IMMEDIATELY MAKE COMPLAINT TO THE OFFICE OF PUBLICATION. CARRIERS ARE FORBIDDEN TO ROLL OR TWIST PAPERS AND THROW THEM UPON PREMISES, BUT ARE INSTRUCTED TO DEPOSIT THEM IN FAIR CONDITION ACCORDING TO THE WISHES OF SUBSCRIBERS. CARRIERS ARE ALSO FORBIDDEN TO HAVE OTHER BOYS WITH THEM ON THE ROUTES, WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM THE OFFICE, AND ARE NOT ALLOWED TO SELL PAPERS.

THE FUTURE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

The Forum for March contains several articles relating to the future of our Asiatic possessions that are of more than ordinary interest to the general reader. Among these are one from President Adams of the University of Wisconsin and another from Hon. Charles Denby, formerly United States minister to China and now a member of the commission appointed by President McKinley to proceed to the Philippines to make investigations and report conclusions as to proper methods of procedure under present conditions. Mr. Denby's article was written, however, before that appointment was made or even anticipated, and the writer laid down his pen rather abruptly and declined to continue the discussion from the moment of his appointment to that responsible position.

But Mr. Denby had proceeded far enough to make not only a readable article but to outline his opinions concerning the questions now so prominently before the country, and in view of his long residence in China and his familiarity with international questions generally, coupled with his recognized ability as a diplomat, his words must carry great weight in the pending discussion. Mr. Denby begins by rightly declaring that "it is too soon to draw party lines on the question of what to do with the Philippine islands. Until the President has developed his policy, about which he has not uttered a word, and until Congress has passed on the matters involved, it will be impossible to determine what issues are before us."

But on the general principle of learning wisdom from experience the ex-minister refers to our past treatment of issues similar to those that now confront us. "The first colony we ever had, after we ceased to be colonies ourselves, was the Northwest Territory. The act organizing this territory was passed in 1787. It preceded the adoption of the constitution, but it was acted on afterward. Until the territory should have five thousand inhabitants it was to be governed by a governor, secretary, and three judges, appointed by Congress. These officers were to select any laws they pleased from the laws of the original states, and put them in force over the territory. All these officers had to be freeholders in the territory. This process of lawmaking was almost as crude and positive as the systems which prevail in Russia and China today. There were no legislators elected, and no voters to vote for any. This same provision for the government of the Northwest Territory was applied to the territory south of the Ohio river in 1790, to that of Mississippi in 1798, to Indiana in 1800, to Michigan in 1805, and practically to Illinois in 1809. In the territory of Louisiana the first act vested all civil, military and judicial powers in such persons as the President might direct. The next year the legislative power was vested in a council consisting of thirteen persons to be appointed by the President. Similar legislation was extended to what is now the state of Missouri, and from 1805 to 1812 the territory was governed by laws made by a governor and three judges—or a majority of them—who had the power to make all laws."

Coming down to the present, Mr. Denby next takes up the case of Alaska as an illustration of our colonial system of today, and shows that for sixteen years—1868-1884—Alaska had almost no government whatever except the will of the President. He was authorized to make rules concerning the fisheries, firearms and liquors, and the customs and navigation laws were extended to the territory. During that long period it was practically under control of the President, and wholly so except through the action of Congress.

He next takes up the case of Hawaii as analogous to the Philippines, and disposes of the objection to counting in the Filipinos because of their degradation by showing, according to the report of the commissioners made to the President and through him to Congress, that of Hawaiians and mixed-blood there are 39,000, Portuguese 15,000, Japanese 25,000, Chinese 21,500, Americans 4,000, and enough smaller nativities to make up a total of 110,000. This conglomeration is not much if any above the average of the population of the Philippines and is probably far beneath it. Hawaii is also far distant, and not even connected by cable, as is Luzon. But the President and Congress do not appear to be afraid to undertake the task of assimilation and absorption on that account, and are even now contemplating a system of "colonial government" for that people, notwithstanding the many declarations heard on every side that such a procedure is unconstitutional and absurd.

In this case it is proposed to erect the islands into "the territory of Hawaii." Citizenship of the United States is provided for in section 4, as follows: "All white persons, including Portuguese, and persons of African descent, and all persons descended from the Hawaiian race on either the paternal or maternal side, who were citizens of the republic of Hawaii immediately prior to the transfer of the sovereignty thereof to the United States, are hereby declared to be citizens of the United States." A legislature consisting of two houses, as in our system, is provided for. The supreme court is the judge of the legality of elections. Members of the legislature are not eligible for appointment or election to any office, and no officer or employe of the territory is eligible for election to the legislature. In voting for members of the legislature each voter may cast for one representative as many votes as there are representatives to be elected, or he may apportion them.

Ex-Minister Denby not only shows that the present methods are in the line of precedent, but that there are peculiar advantages to be gained by the possession of these islands, and in the light of his observations in the East says: "It is just as idle to say that the possession and control of the Philippines will not benefit our trade and commerce. Our trade with China is growing. It increased from 11,000,000 taels in 1890 to more than 30,000,000 in 1897. This statement does not include imports and exports which go and come through Hong Kong and London. Unless every writer on the affairs of the far East is mistaken eastern Asia today presents the most important field for commerce that the world contains. Railroad-building in China, Manchuria and Siberia may well occupy the time and attention of the manufacturers of steel and iron, in which industry we hold the first place in the world. After lumber, and next to refrigerated and canned meat, the iron and steel industry in the United States is the most valuable and important."

The colored people of Boston gave especial attention to the outbreak in behalf of freedom on the part of Crispus Attucks and his associates at the very beginning of the war for independence. This is the anniversary of the occasion, and will be celebrated still more largely and with more display this evening. Attucks stands as one of the first American heroes who lost his life in the cause of freedom. He was a negro and a man of some prominence in the city, who since has been honored by the erection of a statue and a symbol designating the place where the first blood of the Revolution was shed. All honor to Attucks and the brave men associated with him.

Circumstances alter cases. The New York Evening Post was in other days very complimentary to Senator Gray. It even pronounced him one of the most honorable and conscientious statesmen in the country, and could scarcely find words to express its admiration. But now that he is in favor of expansion and has partially allied himself to the administration, the Post looks upon him as a small politician who is seeking his own personal advantage. It is not a little queer that Mr. Gray's service on the peace commission should have brought so notable a change to that staid New York newspaper.

Richard Croker proposes a Jeffersonian banquet in honor of the Democratic party, with no less than 2,000 bottles of champagne as its ending. This scarcely conforms to the idea of Jeffersonian simplicity in the earlier days when he came to the front.

Chinese troubles have broken out anew. There appears to be an insurrection in some of the provinces that threatens mischief to the dynasty. If we had not heard so many times of similar reports the situation would be even more alarming.

Thunderstorms in March are not very frequent, though such things occasionally occur. They were quite common through New England yesterday and last night, and one man at least, in the town of Plymouth, was killed by lightning.

The New Bedford Standard says that "Newport is distressed lest 'politics' should result in the construction of a discreditable city hall," and asks, "Why not then have some good politics, which will insist on a creditable building?"

A rousing tornado carrying destruction death in its path made its appearance in Tennessee yesterday. Three lives are reported lost and the record is not fully made up. The destruction of property is said to have been very great.

General Gomez is suspected of having a Cuban presidential boom up his sleeve. He is very anxious evidently to pose in the future as the father of his country, "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen."

Official reports go to show that the Cuban army consisted of about 48,000 men all told, and of these every one who is still living wants a pension. Three million dollars will go but a little way toward satisfying such a demand.

It looks a good deal as though Congressman Roberts of Utah is to take his seat in the body to which he was chosen by his polygamist constituents. So far as is known, no clear way can be found for shutting him off.

The country at large may as well be resigned to the certainty that Secretary Alger is not to resign. He is a man like the immortal Stanton, who has determined to "stick," but there the resemblance ceases.

Admiral Dewey reports business at Manila as improving in breadth and volume. It may not be long before the Philippine capital is ranked among the leading American commercial centres.

The fight between Sampson and Schley goes bravely on, and as each of these gentlemen has demonstrated the fact that he is a good fighter it is impossible to predict the outcome.

The manufacturing corporations are doing well in making wages follow the uplift of prices in their goods. Labor should have its reward as well as capital.

President Loubet of France is making a success of his administration. Not a single cabinet crisis has arisen for a whole week under his administration.

The appointment of a postmaster for Havana from the state of Indiana is a clear invasion of the rights of the Ohio politicians, and should be resented.

THE MAGAZINES.

An important feature of the New England Magazine for March is the article upon Norwich University, Northfield, Vt. As the military college where Admiral Dewey received his early training, this university has recently been brought prominently before the public, and plans for its endowment as a public memorial to Dewey have already been consummated. Walter Gilman Page tells of the work of the Massachusetts Sons of the Revolution in the erection of public memorials to heroes of the Revolutionary period. The story of a small New England village which developed into an important educational centre in the West is told by Francis Wayland Shepardson under the title "The Old Granville and the New," giving an account of the town of Granville, Mass., and its namesake in Ohio. In "Portraits of Walt Whitman," Dr. R. M. Bucke of Canada describes a unique collection of likenesses of the poet which he possesses. Joseph Lee of Boston contributes a paper entitled "The Philanthropist's Legislative Function," "A Business Trip Seventy Years Ago," by Herbert Elmer Mills, contains many interesting extracts from the diary of one Chandler Holbrook, who made this trip through New England and the Middle states for the purpose of obtaining facts relative to the industrial conditions of the country at that time. "An Electrical Farm," by George Ethelbert Walsh, describes a farm of today equipped with the various electrical appliances which have revolutionized the farming industry and made it a science. "Sailor and Packer," by Caroline C. Shea, is an entertaining sketch of two eccentric bachelors who were noteworthy figures in Portsmouth, N. H., at the close of the Revolution. A story of considerable strength and pathos, by Lillie B. Chace Wyman, is entitled "The Light That Never Failed." "The Way of Ruth" is a bright bit of fiction by Abbie Farwell Brown, and the number is completed with several good poems.

The timely topic of Mormon polygamy, and the opinions of the late Brigham Young and various Mormon wives regarding it, is ineffully discussed by Mrs. Frank Leslie, in an illustrated article which is one of the principal features of Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for March. The Nicaragua canal project—past, present and future—is ably discussed by R. A. Fletcher, whose contribution has the advantage of being well illustrated. "Queen Wilhelmina and Women's Work in Holland," by S. M. D'Engelbronner, is full of personal and literary as well as pictorial interest, which is equally true of "Sketching from Nature," by H. Villiers Barnett. Thomas R. Dawley, Jr., famous for his hair-breadth escapes while campaigning with Gomez in Cuba, tells some thrilling stories of that veteran hero and the late General Quintin Bandera. "A Skein of Silk" is an illustrated paper, by W. C. Kitchin, describing silkworm culture in Japan. The "Woman in Action" article tells about the fair sex in Wall street. Bret Harte and Egerton Castle head the fiction writers, and there are complete short stories this month by Mary J. Holmes illustrated by Wenzell, and Ella W. Pierce illustrated by Rosenmeyer. "Marginalia" contains spicy contributions by R. K. Munkittrick and others. The fine-art reproductions in this number are profuse and beautiful.

Self Culture for March is an attractive number of an interesting magazine. The cover presents a fine portrait of Governor Roosevelt of New York, in citizen's dress, which commands attention by the physical strength and determination of character clearly portrayed. The contents include "The Hawaiian Islands of the United States," by Professor Olaf Ellison; "England and the United States and a Defensive Alliance," by Rear Admiral F. A. Roe; "National Songs of America," by Della M. Johnson; "A Glance of Heidelberg, Past and Present," by Anna L. Wetmore Smith; "Life in a Social Settlement—Hull-House, Chicago," by A. P. Stevens; "The Fate of the American Farmer," by Edgar L. Vincent; "The English of Egypt; How and Why They Are," by Hon. David Mills, M. P.; "Rubber Gathering," by D. O. Kellogg, and "The German Army and its Organization," by Leon Mead.

In a certain class of Russian schools the highest reward given is the initial letter of the empress' name. It consists of the initial in solid gold, an inch and a quarter in height, on a blue bow. Should its possessor ever become a governess it will entitle her to a higher salary than she could otherwise obtain.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by a young woman to do general housework and plain cooking. Address Box 51, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework or second work, in small family; best of references if required. Address, Box 60, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Competent white cook in a family of two; references required. Box 45, Daily News Office.

WANTED—At Port Adams, good cook with references, who can help with washing. Address No. 13, Port Adams.

WANTED—Reliable man to travel in this and nearby towns; salary and expenses weekly. State age and occupation. Address Globe Co., 723 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Penn.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED—Lady's second-hand bicycle in good condition. State price and particulars. Address Box 50, Daily News Office.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—Store, with rooms suitable for ice cream parlor and lunch room, on Bath road. Address Box 40, Daily News Office.

WANTED—By married lady, board and room in private family; no children. State terms. Address A. B. 57, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Upper part of house 11 Central Court.

TO LET—Small tenements; one at $8 a month and the water rate, and one at $7 a month, and the water rate. Apply at Achilles Stevens's Trunk Store, 50 Spring street.

WANTED—Large room, or two rooms, with board for young couple. Private family preferred. State prices. Address Box 25, Daily News Office.

TO LET—Lower tenement 16 Calvert street; city water; rent $10 to right party. H. F. Rooney, 251 Thames street.

TO LET—Two-story house with all modern conveniences. Apply to Abram Almy, Newport Coal Co., 178 Thames street.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.
DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND,
PROVIDENCE, MARCH 1, 1899.

Pursuant to the rules of the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Rhode Island, notice is hereby given that Robert M. Franklin of Newport, in said district has applied for admission as an Attorney and Counsellor of said court.

WILLIAM P. CROSS, Clerk.

Evicted, But Still in Business.

Until my new shop is ready I will be at 7 Duke street, where I will accommodate my customers in person.

MARCO A. RUSSO,
FORMERLY AT 16 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

RICHARD D. GRAHAM
ANNOUNCES THE OPENING OF HIS
SALOON
At 3 West Broadway.
Wednesday Evening, March 8.

Office of the
CITY SEALER
—OF—
Weights and Measures.

CITY WHARF,
NEWPORT, R. I., March 6, 1899.

I hereby give notice as required by law, to all persons engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who use Weights and Measures, to bring in to the Sealer's Office within one month from the 1st day of April, his Weights, Measures and Balances to be adjusted and sealed.

The law on Weights and Measures and Sealing, Chap. 130, Sec. 13, is as follows:

"Every person engaged in the trade of buying and selling, or as a public weigher, who shall use or permit to be used for him, any weight, measure or balance of whatever description, unless such weight, measure or balance shall have been duly sealed in conformity with the provisions of this chapter, shall forfeit the sum of twenty dollars."

JOHN H. STACY,
City Sealer of Weights and Measures.

All measures, both dry and wet, must be brought to the Sealer's Office. Where it is not convenient for dealers to bring in their scales and weights, I shall call on them after the expiration of one month's notice as above.

JOHN H. STACY, City Sealer.

PROPOSALS.

Department of Streets and Highways.

NEWPORT, R. I., FEBRUARY 25, 1899.

SEPARATE SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Street Commissioner's Office, Long Wharf, until 5 o'clock P. M. March 10th, 1899 for furnishing materials and building

Steel superstructure,
Stone abutments and side walls, and Filling of Approaches

for bridge at intersection of Van Zandt Avenue and right of way of the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co.

The above to be in accordance with plans and specifications to be seen at this office, and stonework to be restricted to Newport contractors and mechanics. All bids to be accompanied by a certified check for three hundred dollars, payable to the City Treasurer of the City of Newport, to be considered as liquidated damages upon failure of accepted bidder to execute contract (the checks of competitors whose proposals are rejected to be returned without delay).

The right is reserved to accept or reject any or all proposals.

By direction of Committee on Streets and Highways.

WM. HAMILTON,
Street Commissioner.

WHEELS.

A new set of wagon wheels, all tired and banded and boxed, for $10.

PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE THEM AT

Stevens's Carriage Factory,
50 Spring St. and 3 Barney St.

Salt Rheum, Hands Would Crack Open

"I cannot say too much in praise of Hood's Sarsaparilla, as it has worked wonders in my case. I was afflicted with salt rheum on my hands for many years. I tried many remedies but did not obtain relief. My hands would crack open and bleed profusely and the pain was terrible to bear. Since taking Hood's Sarsaparilla the flesh has healed and my hands are as smooth as a farmer's hands could be. I have recommended Hood's Sarsaparilla to my friends, and as far as I can learn it has proved satisfactory." LLOYD B. CHASE, Pottersville, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine for salt rheum, that money can buy. All dealers.

Cottage for Sale.

In full view of the OCEAN.
Suitable for either winter or summer residence.
House unusually well built.
Will sell at a very low price, although IT IS A VERY DESIRABLE PROPERTY.
APPLY TO
R. C. DERBY,
128 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 6, 8 A. M.—For New England—Fair, tonight and Tuesday, and possibly Wednesday; colder tonight; fresh to brisk westerly to northerly winds.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	16 h
March 6.			
Temperature,	36	46	47
Barometer.	29.00	29.04	29 06
Wind.	NW.	NW	SW
Weather,	Clear	Clear	Clear

Maximum temperature for 24 hours, 48.
Minimum temperature for 24 hours, 31.

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

MONDAY, MARCH 6.
Sun rises ..... 6 h 12 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 40 m
Moon rises ..... 2 h 20 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 28 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 24 m
High water ..... 2 h 20 m; 15 h 04 m

TUESDAY, MARCH 7.
Sun rises ..... 6 h 10 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 41 m
Moon rises ..... 3 h 16 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 31 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 27 m
High water ..... 3 h 06 m; 16 h 05 m

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 8.
Sun rises ..... 6 h 08 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 42 m
Moon rises ..... 3 h 58 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 34 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 30 m
High water ..... 4 h 07 m; 17 h 00 m

THURSDAY, MARCH 9.
Sun rises ..... 6 h 07 m
Sun sets ..... 17 h 44 m
Moon rises ..... 4 h 32 m
Length of day ..... 11 h 37 m
Day's increase ..... 2 h 33 m
High water ..... 5 h 21 m; 7 h 49 m

Moon's Phases.

New Moon, March 11, 14 h 58 m, W.
First Quarter, March 18, 22 h 24 m, W.
Full Moon, March 27, 5 h 18 m, W.
Last Quarter, April 3, 8 h 55 m, W.

NEW TODAY.

Wanted—Cook; 4th page.
Wagons at Auction; 8th page.
City Sealer—Notice; 4th page.
W. K. Corell—Ranges; 8th page.
Wanted—Reliable Man; 4th page.
Marco A. Russo—Notice; 4th page.
Stevens—Wagon Wheels; 4th page.
Stuarts Dyspepsia Tablets; 6th page.
Wanted—Lady's Bicycle; 4th page.
R. D. Graham—Opening; 4th page.
For Sale—Alderney Cow; 4th page.
Portsmouth—Farm for Sale; 8th page.
Mortgagee's Sale—Dent Estate; 8th page.
Wanted—Competent White Cook; 4th page.
Wanted—Situation for Housework; 4th page.
Rep. State Convention—Resolutions; 4th page.
W. B. Sherman, Jr.—Handkerchiefs; 8th page.
C. S. Sherman & Co.—Macaroon Powder; 8th p.
Jamestown Ferry—R. A. Fair and Ball; 6th p.
G. L. & A. H. Popple—Columbia Chainless; 2d p.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

FOR SALE.

A Valuable Lot, 40x40 ft.

near Cranston avenue. Any one purchasing now will get a bargain.

HERBERT L. DYER,
1 Travers Block.

GAS and ELECTRIC LIGHTING.
STEAM and HOT WATER HEATING.
PHILIP F. CONROY
Telephone 272.
181 Thames Street.

Agency of the U. S. Branch of
THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE CO. of ENGLAND.

January 1, 1899.
Assets, - - - $29,703,581.60
Surplus, - - - 4,845,016.60

For Sale.

Cottage house, 8 rooms, lot 25x80, 10 Lee avenue. $1,600.

Two-Tenement property of Newport Hospital on Friendship street, opposite Hope street. Lot contains 4,097 square feet; improvements, including furnace, $4,500.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Insurance and Real Estate,
197 THAMES STREET.

FOR SALE.

For Sale---One Nice Alderney Cow,

Apply at Mrs. S. G. Arnold's, Third Beach road, Middletown.

For Sale.

Six Pigs, about Nine Weeks Old.

F. S. & S. P. BARKER,
Fort Hill Farm.

For Sale, Cheap,

Two farm wagons, one-horse lumber wagons, top milk wagons, order wagons.

Wheelwrighting and Blacksmithing in all its branches.

CLARK & CO., Sheffield Avenue,
Near N. Y. & N. H. Depot.

FOR SALE—Fine building lot on Gibbs avenue, near Broadway and Bliss road. Apply to Wm. S. Brownell, Daily News Office.

FOR SALE.—Ten R-I-P-A-N'S for 5 cents at druggists. One gives relief.

WANTED.—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N'S will not benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripan's Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1,000 testimonials

For Sale.

A building lot on Everett street, near Kay street, 40 feet front, and 100 feet deep, sixty cents per square foot. Also, lot on Everett street, near Kay, 60 feet front, and about 100 feet deep, sixty cents square foot. Apply to C. H. Malcom, 38 Kay street.

For Sale--10x13-inch Letter Press

in good condition. Apply at Daily News Counting Room.

FOR SALE.
An Excellent Cottage Site,
Comprising about 4,600 square feet of land, in a desirable neighborhood, near Broadway. Address Box 27, Daily News Office.

EDWIN T. BANNING,
ARCHITECT,
209 Thames Street.
ROOM 36.

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
124 Bellevue Avenue, Newport,
and Narragansett Ave., Jamestown.

FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR THE SUMMER SEASON.

Printed lists of furnished cottages available for rent ($300 to $3,000) in both Newport and Jamestown, are now ready, and may be had by applying to Mr. Taylor.

Telephone No. 320.
Office Hours—9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

DIED.

McKAY—In this city, 5th inst., Elizabeth P. McKay, aged 87 years.

Funeral services at the residence of Mr. William Christie, 329 Spring street, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend. Burial private.

KNOWE—In this city, 6th inst., Peter Knowe, in the 53d year of his age.

STAHR—In this city, 4th inst., at the residence of her husband, 48 Van Zandt avenue, Mary Ann, wife of Edward Stahr, in the 60th year of her age.

Funeral from her late residence, 48 Van Zandt avenue, Wednesday, March 8, at 2 o'clock.

WHEATLEY—In this city, 4th inst., at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Charles Kemp, 69 Levin street, Mary Ann Wheatley, in the 88th year of her age.

Funeral services at Touro Chapel, Tuesday, March 7, at 2:30 P. M.

NELSON—In this city, 6th inst., at his residence, 12 Houston avenue, Peter Nelson, aged 65 years.

Providence and Boston papers please copy.

JOHNSON—In Jamestown, 6th inst., Sarah B., w. of Austin Johnson, aged 41 years.

SILVIA—In Wakefield, 5th inst., Frank Silvia, aged 73 years, 10 months and 15 days.

Interment at Island Cemetery, Newport, on arrival of Wickford boat at 1 o'clock Wednesday. Relatives and friends are requested to attend.

CHASE—In Providence, 5th inst., Leander Chase, in his 73d year.

CRAWFORD—In Pawtucket, 4th inst., Annie E., wife of James M. Crawford.

ANDREWS—In Washington Village, 4th inst., Martin Andrews, in his 65th year.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

Hood's Sarsaparilla never disappoints. It may be taken for impure and impoverished blood with perfect confidence that it will cure.

FOR SALE.

I am authorized to sell the Ruth Sherman estate at 95 Spring street. This is a large, roomy house, is particularly adapted for a boarding or lodging house and is in good order. Full particulars at my office.

SIMEON HAZARD, Sole Agent,
94 BROADWAY.

SEED OATS.

Vermont,
New York State
and Western.

ABSOLUTELY FREE FROM FOUL SEED.

H. L. MARSH & CO.,
H. L. Marsh. Howard R. Peckham.

Republican State Convention.

At a meeting of the Republican State Central Committee, held on Saturday, March 4, 1899, the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

RESOLVED, That a State Convention of Republicans of Rhode Island be held in Music Hall, in the City of Providence, on Wednesday, March 15, 1899, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of nominating State Officers for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said Convention.

RESOLVED, That the several Town and City Committees are hereby requested to call Primary Meetings for the purpose of electing Delegates to said Convention, the number of said Delegates to be twice the representation of said towns and cities in the General Assembly, and to elect members of the State Central Committee for the ensuing year, and to report the names of the members of the State Central Committee and the names of the Town and City Committees, together with the names of the Chairmen and Secretaries thereof, with their Postoffice addresses, upon the credentials of the Delegates to said Convention, and that said meetings be held not later than March 11, 1899, and that the Secretaries of said Primary Meetings be requested to forward a copy of the credentials of Delegates with the members of State City or Town Committee immediately after their election, to the Secretary of the State Central Committee, Eugene F. Warner, Providence, R. I.

RESOLVED, That the member of the Town or City Committee calling the meeting to order under the above call, together with the Chairman and Secretary of said meeting, be instructed to certify upon the credentials that said Delegates were elected pursuant to a regular call of said Town or City Committee.

RESOLVED, That the several Town and City Committees are hereby requested to call the Primary Meetings for the purpose of nominating candidates for Senators and Representatives to the next General Assembly not later than March 14, 1899, and that the usual certificate of nominations be filed with the Secretary of State, on or before midnight of March 16, 1899.

RESOLVED, That the Republican electors of the State, and all other voters without regard to past political affiliations who believe in Republican principles and who endorse the Republican policy, be and hereby are cordially invited to participate in the choice of Delegates to said Convention.

HUNTER C. WHITE, Chairman.
EUGENE F. WARNER, Secretary.

AT
FRASCH'S

You will find a full assortment of plain and fancy

Candies, Chocolates and BonBons,

at prices to suit every purchaser, of a good and wholesome article.

Our Broken Candy at 15c. a lb. two lbs. for 25c.

Our Mixed CHOCOLATES at 25c. lb. are well known.

We take special pride in putting nothing before the public that is not made of the best and purest that can be purchased.

CHAS. F. FRASCH, CONFECTIONER, 170 Thames St.
Established 1885

THE MARGARET,
Catherine St., Near Bellevue Ave.
NEWPORT, R. I.

Has elegant suites with private baths, large, airy rooms with open fireplaces.

In connection and under the same management as THE ROBINSON. A most comfortable house for both summer and winter guests.

STORE WINDOW

and House Shades of every variety Furnished and put up. Awnings stored, repaired and put up in spring.

GEO. NASON, 12 Mill street.

Cleve—to that which is pure,
Cleve—to that which is sure,
Cleve—to that which stands the test,
Cleve—to that, both pure and best,
Cleveland's Baking Powder
1:28

ACCEPTS THE CALL

Rev. Henry M. Stone to Become Rector of Trinity Church.

Rev. Henry Morgan Stone, who was February 24 last called to the rectorship of Trinity Church, today notified the committee of the corporation that he will accept the call, and arrangements will be at once made for his assumption of the duties of the position, which has been vacant since the death of the rector, Rev. George J. Magill, D. D., in May last. Since that time the church has been in charge of Rev. Mr. Bennett, and more recently of Rev. Frederick I. Collins, who is still minister in charge. It is probable that Rev. Mr. Stone will enter upon the rectorship of Trinity about Easter.

The new rector of Trinity is a native of Providence, where he was born about thirty years ago. He graduated from Brown University as bachelor of philosophy in 1892, and received the degree of master of arts the following year. He was instructor in English at Brown in 1892-3 and instructor in elocution in 1893-4. In September, 1894, he entered the Episcopal Theological Seminary at Cambridge, and after his graduation from that institution and his ordination to the priesthood was assigned to the charge of Berkeley Memorial Chapel at Middletown, having been there during the past three years.

He is an eloquent preacher and an earnest worker. That he is regarded as one of the most promising young men in the diocese is evidenced by the fact that he has been considering, along with the call to Trinity, a call to the assistant rectorship of St. Stephen's Church, Boston, and has been talked of as a possible successor in the pulpit of Grace Church, New Bedford, to Rev. E. S. Rousmaniere, who declined a call to Trinity and accepted the call to Grace Church, Providence.

FOR FATHER TULLY.

Since the departure of Father John F. Tully for his new charge at Harrisville, many of the men of St. Mary's parish, where Father Tully labored industriously and successfully for a dozen years, have felt that they should in some way testify to their appreciation of his good work here and at the same time help him in his new field. In accordance with this idea, Father Meenan yesterday called for a meeting of the members of the various men's societies connected with the parish, which was held last evening in St. Mary's hall, which was practically filled.

Father Meenan explained the purpose of the meeting, in behalf of both the men and the clergy, paying a deserved tribute to Father Tully's work at St. Mary's. He said that Father Tully's new parish is one of magnificent distances, and it had been suggested that the testimonial take the form of a horse and buggy, fully equipped. This, however, was simply a suggestion.

The first thing necessary was an organization for the collection of funds, and one was started at once, after some general talk from the floor in approval of Father Meenan's remarks. The following officers were selected:

President—Philip F. Conroy.
Secretary—John B. O'Neill.
Treasurer—Father Meenan.

A committee was selected from the meeting, consisting of Messrs. Reagan, Morgan, Conheeney, Nolan, Keaney and Fagan; each of the societies will select representatives to be added to this, and the committee will then arrange for raising the necessary funds. When these are secured it will be decided just what form the testimonial will take.

Father Tully was a great favorite with all who knew him, being a conscientious and hard worker, and the testimonial will doubtless be a handsome one.

A SPRING OPENING.

Mr. A. B. Commerford, having fitted up his new place of business in the Seabury building on Thames street in a style that adds credit even to his well known reputation for doing the right thing in the most tasteful manner possible, had a spring opening Saturday. The weather was not exactly favorable, and Mr. Commerford would doubtless have preferred to have it on a bright, cheerful day like today, but the door which did the opening insisted on having it Saturday, and it had it until the carpenters succeeded in closing it.

Now that this opening is over, Mr. Commerford is in turn open to receive his friends in his new establishment, which is certainly a pretty place and one well arranged for the transaction of business. Many of the new features were designed by Mr. Commerford himself.

THUNDER IN MARCH.

The weather bureau furnished about everything but snow for yesterday, the first Sunday in March. Quite early in the morning, while everybody but the policemen and the bakers was or should have been sound asleep, it began to thunder and lighten and rain, and with variations this continued through the day until quite late in the afternoon. A heavy fog hung over the city and harbor and the rain descended at intervals with greater or less vigor. Finally the thunder gave a few parting volleys, the fog lifted, the rain ceased and the evening came out clear and cool, giving the frost a chance to put in a little work. Today the sun is shining with that vivid intensity which is appreciated in March after a spell of bad weather—and it feels like spring. The thermometer in the sun shows about 85 and overcoats appear to be superfluous, though colds wait for those who discard them.

The weather made the attendance at the churches rather slim yesterday, but all the weather-wise and the old inhabitants say that thunder storm announced the breaking of the back of winter, and felt cheerful in consequence. They say it is very seldom, even in a long life, that a real thunder storm is heard in this section in March, and so far none have disputed them. There was, however, a fair attempt at a thunder storm last January, and people have become so accustomed to weather of all sorts this winter that they were not surprised at yesterday's performances.

PROFESSOR MAKEOVER WILL BE THERE.

The Spinsters' Fortnightly Club, whose public meetings at the Channing parlors last winter attracted attention and created much amusement, will hold another of the same character at the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church next week, and the following letter, purporting to have been sent by the professor to the secretary of the club, shows that one of the prominent features of the other meetings, the exhibition of Professor Makeover's marvelous machine, will have a place in the forthcoming meeting: Robilla Abigail Hobbs, Sec.:

Dear Miss: Your letter requesting me to be present at the meetings of the Spinsters' Fortnightly Club on the evenings of March 13 and 14 in the chapel of the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church is at hand.

The pleasant evenings which I spent with your club in the Channing parlors, last year, are still fresh in my memory, and it will give me great pleasure to again meet with you. Since I was in Newport, I have traveled a great deal, exhibiting the Remodelscope in some of the largest cities of the world and meeting with great success. I shall be in New York early in March to meet several engagements, and will come to your club on the dates mentioned.

Very truly yours,
Notinthemarket Outofthetrace Makeover.
London, Feb. 24, 1899.

PROBATE COURT.

In the probate court this morning the will of Mary Regan was proved and letters testamentary were issued to Josephine and Mary Regan, the administrator's first and final account with the estate of John Brown was allowed, letters of administration on the estate of Dorcas B. Peckham were granted to Edward E. Peckham, and on the estate of George Nicoletti, alias George Clay, to Pardon S. Kault. Inventories of the estates of Adaline and Matilda M. Southwick were approved. Petitions were received, and according to law were continued to March 27, for probate of the will of Joseph F. Peckham, for probate of the will and letters of administration with the will annexed on the estate of Hernan B. Ryder, and for consideration of the executor's first and final account with the estate of Mary A. C. Holmes.

DISABLED SCHOONER TOWED INTO PORT.

Saturday afternoon tug Ice King arrived, with three-masted schooner Emma of Boston in tow. The schooner was without a crew and had her three masts and bowsprit carried away. The tug anchored with her tow in Brenton's cove, and yesterday morning, in the fog, proceeded up the bay to Providence, where the schooner was docked at the New Haven company's dock. She is consigned to H. E. Wellman of Providence. She went ashore on Tuckernuck shoals, near Vineyard Haven, during the storm of February 12, and lost about 20,000 feet of her deck load. Her masts were cut away to save her, and schooner Erie carried away her bowsprit. It is thought that her bottom is so badly damaged that the hull may be unfit for repairs.

DEATH OF FRANK SILVIA.

Word has been received of the death in Wakefield, R. I., yesterday, of Mr. Frank Silvia, formerly of this city, in his seventy-ninth year. Mr. Silvia was engaged in the cobbler's business here for a number of years, and a prominent member of the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church. He leaves one daughter, Mrs. Dora F. Birch, wife of Mr. William B. Birch of this city. The body will be brought here Wednesday for interment in the Island Cemetery.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Chief of Police P. S. Kault is in Washington, guest of Congressman Bull.

—Weonat Shassit Club is making arrangements for a dance to be held April 3.

—Mr. Edward P. Therien of Middleboro, Mass., was in town today on a short visit.

—Mr. Ira W. Wilbor, Jr., and Miss Ella, daughter of Mr. David H. Barry, will be married Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's parents.

—The New York Herald yesterday had pictures of the Forty-Seventh regiment and Colonel Eddy on duty in Porto Rico. The regiment is expected home Thursday.

—The flag on G. and Army hall is at half-staff in respect to the late Peter Nelson, an old member of Charles Ex. Lawton Post. Mr. Nelson served in the regular army and was retired after thirty years service.

—This morning, while at work on the new Horgan building on Marlboro street and West Broadway, Contractor Nicholas Dillon received a bad fall, the ladder he was ascending twisting so as to throw him. He was taken to his home.

—Mr. S. Melville Hammett, who has been at home for some time, recovering from an attack of sickness, is able to be out. It will be some time before he will be well enough to resume his duties as advance agent of "Gayest Manhattan."

—The Robert Emmet Association will observe the anniversary of the birth of Robert Emmet at its regular meeting Wednesday evening. The anniversary fell on Saturday, but as Saturday evening is a poor one for a public gathering the event was postponed.

—Sunday came near passing without an alarm of fire. It was 11:30 p. m. when a still was rung in for a small fire in the rear of the Bee Hive, discovered by Officer Tobin. The chemical and reel No. 1 responded. The fire was in the loft of one of the barns on the Reynolds estate, occupied by George Field. It consumed some excelsior, paper, old rubbish, etc., was very warm while it lasted, and did practically no damage; but it gave the firemen some lively work for a while.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. J. J. Watson has returned from Providence.

Mrs. Sarah B. Johnson, wife of Austin L. Johnson, died this morning. She had been ill more than a year and leaves one child.

CATCHING FISH WITH A SHOT-GUN.

"I've got a good story, but it sounds so much like a fish story that I am afraid to tell it at random," ventured the slim ex-councilman to his stout friend.

"Oh, don't mind me, Ed!" echoed the rotund friend.

"Well," whispered the other, "I had such tremendous luck fishing in Florida that I grew morbid contemplating the monotony. I pulled out fish until my arms ached.

"Learning that there were two bloodhounds in the vicinity I unbuckled my shotgun early one morning and set out for a point where there is a dam. None of our party knew of this dam. When the tide comes in the fish get above it and jump it when they want to go down. By agreement the man who owned the dogs was on hand. I stood at one end of the dam and he threw a stick in the water about forty feet above the embankment. In dashed the dogs. Like a flash of light a four-pound trout flung himself out of the water and high into the air. I gave him the open bore and had just time to snap another.

"It was glorious. For three hours I shot fish. Sometimes it was twenty minutes between shots, but frequently the fish were finished every five minutes. It was thrilling. It was intoxicating. I used up every shell I had, and out of forty shots I finished forty fish, missing once, but upon one occasion, however, killing two at one shot.

"By the way," added the slim ex-councilman, as his robust acquaintance gasped for breath, "when I missed a fish a turtle was crawling by and I bagged him."—[Atlanta Constitution.

SPOOK BELLS.

The annunciator bell in an uptown hotel elevator rang violently the other evening and the needle pointed to the fourth floor. The car went promptly whirling upward, but in a moment it came down empty of passengers. "Spook ring," said the attendant, laconically, to one of the porters. "Spook ring!" exclaimed a guest who happened to be in the vicinity. "What in thunder is that?" "A call when nobody's there," replied the elevator boy. "We call 'em spook rings for short. They happen now and then, and it makes a fellow feel kind of queer, specially at night.

"There is an elevator in a business block here in town," he continued, "that began last fall to howl spook calls from the upper floor. The bell would ring just three times, exactly like a man when he's in a big hurry, but when the car would go up nobody would be there. At first they thought somebody was playing a joke, and the boss janitor set a watch, without doing a bit of good. Sometimes they wouldn't be heard in a week, and then again there would be fifty in a day. An electrician went over the wires four or five times, but he couldn't find anything wrong. The elevator boy got scared and quit, and they have had hard work keeping anybody in his place. That sharp, sudden ring, with two or three repeats, sounded exactly as if some nervous fellow had his fingers on the button, and after dark it was trying on the nerves. What made it worse was the story that a man had died long ago on that upper floor, all alone.

"You know how folks talk. Well, one day the janitor happened to notice that the spook calls always came just after a rain, and that gave him a tip. He took another close look at the wiring and found a leak in the roof where the water used to come in and wet the woodwork. They say that water is a conductor, and, anyhow, when the wire would shake and touch that particular spot in damp weather it made a connection and rang the bell. That was the spook. All the other searches had been made on sunny days, and that's how they came to miss it. They plugged up the leak and the ghost quit business."—[New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A CHINESE FIRE AT CLOSE QUARTERS.

The third watch of the night had just been announced from headquarters by the firing of three large squibs, and the watchmen, who are not so sleepy in these times as they used to be, had started once more on their rounds with the cry: "Take care of fires and candles! Use no foreign oil!" when, hard by the city wall—a sudden roar and a glare; the pale moonlight warmed into orange everywhere, and a great pillar of smoke expanding over a hundred houses. Shouts of "Fire!" Screams of waking mothers; seizing and rousing of sleeping children. Every one slipping into their clothes. Every one at the door with "Hai ya!" or "Hai ya!" or "Hai yé!" according to the distance from the volume of flame—the first sound uttered in a tone of philosophical surprise; the second as a long-drawn sigh of sympathetic wonder; the third, a staccato of agonized alarm.

"Close at hand, and soon to be upon us!" is the next cry—variously worded, from the latter speakers, interlarded with swear-words by most of the men, and with "O-mi-t'ŭ-fo!" or "Ancestors protect!" or "P'u-sah protect!" in the case of the women. Then a general gathering-up of belongings, children knocked over, sworn at, picked up, dragged to the street; then boxes, bundles, everything portable dragged there too.

Triple gong-beats sounding in all directions, from the various depots of the little "water-dragons." A babel of voices everywhere. Fire more distant than was imagined, or "Hai-yé!" as near as can be. Lantern-bearers rushing along the streets, asking or answering hurried questions as to the precise spot. Bearers of burdens hurrying about, colliding, a spill here, a broken rope there, a lantern-bearer upset, a child trampled on yonder. Boxes missing from door-ways. Thieves by the score on the alert—small fortunes to be made tonight!

Clear the way! Here comes the "water-dragon" with its uncouth band of firemen in gray. Clear the way! A mandarin in his chair. Crowds jammed against shop shutters, into houses, anywhere. Room for the water-carriers! Soldiers with halberds enforce that cry, as the scene of the fire is neared.

The river is too far off. The long-closed "perfect-peace tank" is officially opened. A torch is lit within. It is barely half full! No other water at hand! Who has a well? The foreigner perhaps. And so a rush is made to his gate. His men have already been carrying buckets to the front in case the fire leaps over the few houses between, or the big sparks fall there. A touch of nature such as this common danger, and there is no foreigner. Water is carried out; babies, bundles, boxes are carried in. The man with a compound is everybody's brother now.

Happy thought! Carry the engines on to the city wall! They cannot get near otherwise. And so they are carried up from inside the gate. The men behind are drenched, but never mind. Only swear a little that so much water has been split. The wall is a mass of lanterns. And now, the little jets spirt forth. To what purpose, upon flames fifty feet high? Only brick walls can stop the flames in this crowded mass of wooden structures, dried by drought.

The wind is fairly high, but the house has side-walls of like title, and there is a brick wall to the west. And engines have forced their way below as well as above the fire. A bit nearer, and the hose will play into the house itself. But horrors! The water cracks the tile-wall! It comes down with a crash, and four men under it—bruised, burnt, one of them never to recover.

The bodies are dragged out, the hose turned on to them. They are carried away; three regain consciousness. And through the gap the engines have an opportunity now.

Half an hour passes, and the flames begin to abate.

"Whose house?" is the question next day, and the answer is, "An empty house where no one has lived for months." And the whole turns out to be a piece of thieves' business, one (unknown) setting the empty house on fire while the watchman had turned the corner, and scores of others ready with their carrying-poles to turn away with anything they could lay their hands on. All this in a quiet place, and only one house burnt.

Accounts have been published of the series of fires in Hankow, beginning with that of the night of the first of October, with its destruction of 10,000 houses, and the loss of hundreds of lives. At least we call them accounts. They are graphic and detailed, we say. But I question whether human mind can grasp more than an iota of the unwritten account read, as even the "heathen" Chinese would say, but all-seeing Heaven.—[North China Herald.

BUTTER FROM PEANUTS.

A new factory has just been put into operation in Kokomo, Ind., for the manufacture of butter from peanuts. For a year or more Lane Brothers of that city have been working on a process of making butter from the peanut to compete with the product of the farm cow, and have succeeded in producing the desired article. At the present price of the nuts the butter can be sold at fifteen cents per pound.

The process of manufacture is no secret. The nuts, after the hulls are removed, are carefully handpicked and faulty kernels removed. They are then roasted in a large rotary oven. Again they are gone over by hand for the removal of scorched grains. The nuts are then put through a mill and ground as fine as the finest flour, the natural oil in the grains giving it the appearance and consistency of putty as it leaves the mill, except that it is more of an orange color. By the addition of filtrated water, to reduce it to a more pliable state, the butter is complete, no other ingredients, not even salt, being used. It never grows rancid, and keeps in any climate. It is put up in one, two, five, ten, twenty-five and 300-pound tin cans and sealed. The new butter is always in great demand at sanitariums and health resorts. It is used for all purposes ordinary butter is used, including shortening and frying. Physicians pronounce it more healthful than cow butter, and it is much less expensive. By the addition of more water a delicious cream is made, and, if desired, it can in the same way be reduced to the consistency of milk. The new butter factory is located but a few rods from a dairy barn and is running in opposition to it.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

FOR THE BIOGRAPH.

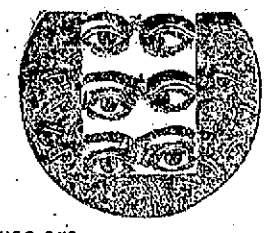
A moving photographic view was taken recently from the front of a trolley car running from New York to Brooklyn over the Brooklyn bridge at a high rate of speed. In order to cover the entire journey from end to end of the bridge, it was necessary to use a film 780 feet long, which was longer by over a hundred feet than any which has previously been used in moving photography. The time consumed in running this enormous film through the camera was over three minutes, the pictures being taken at the rate of about thirty-two a second, or a complete total of 5,400 distinct pictures for the entire trip.

Of the entire human race it is estimated that 500,000,000 are well clothed—that is, they wear garments of some kind; 250,000,000 habitually go naked, and 700,000,000 only cover parts of their body; 500,000,000 live in houses; 700,000,000 in huts and caves, and 250,000,000 have virtually no shelter at all.

SPECIAL PRICE.

Rubber Door Mats,
17x30 INCHES.
For $1.
ALSO A VERY FINE ASSORTMENT OF
Cocoa Door Mats from 50c. up
WALSH BROTHERS,
222 THAMES STREET.

It will interest the farmers to know that $54.50 cash will buy a
Bobbins Potato Planter
Of '99 pattern of us, and we will have them in in a few days. The late storm has delayed freights or they would have been here now.
You want to see the new ASPINWALL which drops the fertilizer under the potato. We have it.
175 tons Fertilizer, 3,000 bushels Potatoes, 1 carload Grass Seed to arrive about March 1st.
The Geo. A. Weaver Co.,
19, 21 & 23 Broadway.



Eyes are out of balance
when one is more defective than the other. Your nerve force is exhausted because nature tries to make the eyes work alike—it's too much of a strain—result blur and all kinds of aches. Glasses properly fitted relieve the nerves and put the eyes into balance—result—you see perfectly and are comfortable.
Eyes Scientifically Examined Without Charge.
MUELLER, Scientific Optician, 166 Bellevue Avenue.

I HAVE A FEW
R. I. Turkeys
EVERY WEEK.
H. F. Rooney
251 THAMES STREET.

Fresh Hams and Shoulders.
Fancy Corned Beef.
Lean Sugar Cured Hams and Bacon.
10 lb. Pail of Pure Lard for 75c.; also Full Line of Groceries.
JUST ARRIVED 5 barrels very fancy New Orleans Molasses, at 50c. a gallon. If you want something nice try it.
T. GLADDING & SON,
COR. BRIDGE AND WASHINGTON STREETS

A. Livingston Mason,
(Trustee Estate of Isaac Hartshorn.)
CARE and MANAGEMENT of ESTATES.
HALIDON HALL, NEWPORT.
61 WESTMINSTER STREET, PROVIDENCE.
Rooms 44 and 45.

Stamped Goods
in Cotton and Linen, comprising Tray Cloths, Splashers, Bibs, Doylies, Bureau and Stand Covers, etc., from 5c. to 50c. each.
"Brilliant,"
is the latest material for Crocheting, Knitting and marking Stamped Goods. It is an excellent cotton thread with a high silk lustre, comes in plain and clouded shades, in spools of 100 yds., and sells at 10c. per spool.
Silk Plush Balls,
large size, all colors, plain and clouded, at 10c. per dozen.
Ball Fringe,
at 4c. per yard.
Crochet Silk,
large spools, all shades, 5c. per spool.
Levy's
76 BROADWAY.

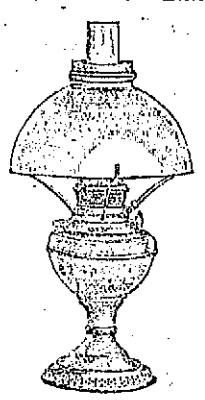
CREAM OF CUCUMBERS,
Softens, beautifies and preserves the skin.
The best preparation for chapped hands, freckles or any roughness of the skin.
CASWELL, MASSEY & Co.,
212 Thames St. Cor. Church St.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.
The C. E. Lawton W. R. C.
WILL HOLD A
VARIETY SUPPER!
At Lawton Post Hall,
TUESDAY, MARCH 7, from 5 to 8 P. M.
Supper 25c.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB'S
TOURS.
ALL TRAVELING EXPENSES INCLUDED.
COLORADO, CALIFORNIA,
THE PACIFIC NORTHWEST.
ALASKA
—AND—
The Yellowstone Park, The Wonderland of America.
Parties will leave Boston in Special Vestibuled Cars with Dining Cars for Magnificent Sight-Seeing Tours, as follows:—
No. 1, April 18. A 65 Days' Trip through Colorado, Utah, California, the Pacific Northwest, Montana, and the Yellowstone National Park.
No. 2, April 18. A 79 Days' Trip, the same as No. 1, with an added tour through Alaska.
No. 3, April 18. A 53 Days' Trip through New Mexico, Arizona, California, Nevada, Utah, and Colorado.
The Yosemite Valley may be visited in connection with either of these excursions.
No. 4, May 22. A 38 Days' Trip across the Continent and to Alaska, outward by the Great Northern Railway, and homeward through the Yellowstone National Park, with a choice of routes east of Minneapolis, either the all-rail line, or through the GREAT LAKES.
Additional California Tour March 14.
European Tours April 15, June 7, and July 11.
Send for descriptive book, mentioning the particular tour desired.
RAYMOND & WHITCOMB.
296 Washington Street, opposite School Street, Boston.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 6 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

The New Juno Lamp.



Complete, with 10-inch dome shade and best flint glass chimney,
For $1.25.
Every lamp warranted.
At A. O. LANDERS'S, 167 Thames St

MUSIC HALL,
239 & 250 Thames Street.
Dancing and Banquet Halls.
Ample ante-rooms with all modern conveniences.
Special prices to tenants.
FOR TERMS AND PARTICULARS APPLY TO D. W. SHEEHAN, WHOLESALE WINES, LIQUORS, 18 TO 30 KINSLEY'S WHARF.

Coggeshall Farm Eggs.
LANDERS & PECKHAM,
142 THAMES STREET.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.
Second-hand Square PIANOS.
Four second-hand square pianos, taken in exchange, will sell at half their value; must have room.
JOHN ROGERS,
210 THAMES STREET.

Cash Stamps.
MR. JOHN VARS WISHES TO ANNOUNCE TO HIS CUSTOMERS THAT BEGINNING WITH MONDAY NEXT HE WILL GIVE CASH STAMPS TO ALL CASH CUSTOMERS. NOT TRADING STAMPS OR MERCHANTS' COUPONS, BUT RED, WHITE AND BLUE TRADING STAMPS REDEEMABLE IN MONEY.
JOHN VARS, PIANO TUNER, 120 THAMES STREET. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

PIANOS
AT REASONABLE PRICES.
Sheet Music AND Musical Merchandise.
TUNING AND REPAIRING of pianos, violins and other instruments a specialty.
RANDALL'S Music Store,
OVER 261 THAMES STREET

ESTABLISHED 1840.
FISCHER PIANOS.
RENOWNED FOR
TONE and DURABILITY.
THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY ENJOYED BY THE
FISCHER PIANO
FOR THE PAST FIFTY-NINE YEARS IS WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THE HISTORY OF THE PIANO WORLD. DURING THIS PERIOD OVER
107,000
PIANOS HAVE BEEN MANUFACTURED BY THIS FIRM.
Grand and Upright Pianos
IN RARE WOODS AND CHASTE DESIGNS. WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.
J. & C. FISCHER,
33 Union Square, West, between 16th and 17th Sts., New York,
—OR—
MANN & ECCLES,
22 Mathewson St., Providence R. I.

WE HAVE A NICE LINE OF
Pocketbooks, Suit Cases, and Traveling Bags.
USEFUL CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.
HENRY BIESEL & SONS,
250 & 252 Thames Street.
Trading and Cash Stamps.

THE NICARAGUA ROUTE.

Three Great Engineering Difficulties Which It Presents.

The three great engineering difficulties which the Nicaragua route presents are the recovery or making of the eastern harbor, the Ochoa Dam, where the canal unites with the river, and the Great Divide, which carries the canal over the Cordilleras. By means of the dam the waters of the San Juan are raised to the lake level, which in effect eliminates the longest and most dangerous rapids—the Machuca—giving a depth of thirty-four feet over them. The cut of the Great Divide attacks the mountains at their very lowest depression—one apparently made for the purpose—a point where the spur is nearly divided on both sides by the neighboring valleys.

The rock taken from this cut, which is from 141 to 328 feet in depth, supplies the material for the dam, locks and embankments, to which it will be carried directly on the railway, and for which, otherwise, stone must be specially quarried and brought at great expense. M. de Lesseps had to manufacture stone for the retaining walls required to hold back the shifting sands in the Suez Canal cut. On the Nicaragua line there are no shifting sands to fill up the ditches as fast as they are dredged; the engineer finds the soil working hand in hand with him, for most of the excavations are through a tenacious clay, weighted and stiffened with volcanic sand, which forms a natural, impervious cement, hardening like rock under the tropic sun.

The employment of 6 locks—3 at each end—raises the canal to a level with the lake, and gives to it the pronounced advantage of a clear 154 miles' stretch at the summit level, which at high water mark is 110 feet above the sea. Contrasted to this, we find the Erie canal has seventy-two locks in its length of 365 miles, to carry it over an elevation of 668 feet. The Nicaragua locks are grouped closely, as near the termini as the topography of the country will permit; the third lock from the eastern end is twelve miles and three quarters from the Atlantic, and the upper lock on the Pacific coast is but two miles and a half from Brito. Thus the canal is boldly lifted above the perils of sudden floods from torrential streams, and the great lake, 110 miles long by 40 wide, guarantees an inexhaustible supply of water, while it furnishes a broad and hospitable expanse for all the floods of heaven, which never raise its waters more than two feet.

This beautiful fresh water lake, the largest between our Lake Michigan and Lake Titicaca, in Peru, secures to the Nicaragua canal a unique and enormous advantage possessed by no other canal in existence, or ever projected, and worth millions to the country controlling it.

In times of peace this vast interior Lake of Nicaragua offers a safe harbor large enough for all the navies of the world; but in case of need there are nine to dispute the right of the United States to make of it a stronghold, securing to her navy a coaling station and a base of supplies which the fertile country surrounding the lake makes practically inexhaustible. The value of this safe retreat whence our ships can issue to east or west, wherever their presence is needed to enforce "justice and humanity for all living within their fold," it is impossible to overestimate.

In those early years of American history, when brute strength claimed the mastery, and the ruling nations of the earth took forcible possession of whatever they believed their safety or advantage required, British buccaneers were among the first to recognize the importance of this lake, and they considered the knowledge gained about it through their raid of much greater value than their costly booty. In 1780 Captain (afterward Admiral) Nelson conveyed a force of 2,000 men to San Juan de Nicaragua to effect the conquest of the country, and he wrote to the British admiralty, "I intend to possess the great Lake of Nicaragua, which I regard as the inland Gibraltar of Spanish America."—[E. A. Fletcher, in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

NAVAL PROMOTIONS DEFEATED BY FILIBUSTERING.

There is apparently absolute unanimity among naval officers, as well as among public men, in praise of the reward which has been given Admiral Dewey. There is practically the same unanimity among naval officers, and a very general agreement among public men, in condemnation of the opposition to the confirmation of Sampson, Schley and their subordinates nominated for promotion for services at Santiago, which leaves them relatively just where they were on the naval list before the war began, while Dewey and his chief officers have received their promotions.

The injustice to the heroes of Santiago was brought out very strikingly when the promotions all along the line provided for in the naval personnel bill were nominated to the Senate, and it was seen that the President, as the Senate had not acted on the Santiago nominations up to the time the personnel bill nominations had to be sent in, was compelled to send the latter in the order in which the names stood on the register before the war.

The President inserted a proviso that this list was subject to changes that might be made in the order of precedence by action on pending nominations, referring to the Santiago nominations. But, such action not having been taken, he had to submit the names as they stood, disregarding the acting commissions which he had issued during the war and the promotion by numbers which he had made for the Santiago fight.

Although the President still hoped that the Santiago nominations might be confirmed, and Secretary Long made a last appeal for it, he did not feel that he could wait any longer for them, in view of the new deadlock created by Butler, Stewart and Pettigrew over them, chiefly because Butler used the Santiago nominations to filibuster against the confirmation of ex-Representative Ewart as judge in North Carolina. So, unless at the last moment the Santiago nominations should be confirmed, the President saw that the list would have to stand in the relative order of ante-bellum days, save for the Manila promotions.

Schley ranks Sampson, Watson ranks them both, Clark of the Oregon and Sigsbee of the Maine are actually jumped by Dewey's captains, and Philip, Evans, Taylor, Wainwright and the other men who won the Santiago victory are all left where they were without promotion, together with all the other men who especially distinguished themselves in the Cuban campaign, except Captain Higginson, who got confirmed ahead of the rest.

Schley's real friends in the Senate, notably the Senators from his own state of Maryland, Gorman and Wellington, are as dissatisfied with this state of things as the friends of Admiral Sampson, for they realize not only that Schley gets no promotion under it, but that he will be held responsible by the navy for preventing the promotion of all the others. His unpopularity with his associates, they realize, will be greatly increased, and therefore they strongly endeavored to induce Butler and Stewart and Pettigrew to let the Santiago nominations go through.

It seems an extraordinary anti-climax, and the criticism upon the men who have brought it about is very severe.—[Washington correspondent of Boston Herald.

SEVEN NAVAL CADETS APPOINTED.

President McKinley Saturday afternoon appointed the five cadets at the Naval Academy who were provided for by special enactment. In each case he had an alternate to step into the place in case of the failure of the principals. The names are as follows: F. V. Gridley, son of the late Captain Gridley of the Olympia, with D. N. Lebreton, grandson of Commodore McDougall, as alternate; I. C. Bagley brother of the late Ensign Bagley, the first American naval officer killed in the war, with H. C. Beckwith, son of Engineer Beckwith, as alternate; Gustave Bashee, grandson of the late Admiral Worden, with R. D. Gatewood, son of the late Constructor Gatewood, who lost his life in the service, as alternate; Alexander Thacker, grandson of the late General Sherman, with F. V. McNair, son of Admiral McNair, as alternate; Nixon W. Ebner, son of the late Captain Ebner, who died in the line of duty at New York at the outbreak of the war, with Percival C. Warton, as alternate. The last-named was appointed on the recommendation of ex-Secretary Bliss.

Being given the privilege of appointing also a cadet from the District of Columbia, the President named R. R. Wallace, son of Commodore Wallace, with Rufus Saxton Thompson, son of the late General Saxton, as alternate. In accordance with the expressed intention of Congress, the President also appointed Osman Deigman, one of the Merrimac crew, as a cadet.

AS A RESULT OF THE NAVY PERSONNEL BILL.

The recent promotion of officers under the provisions of the new navy personnel law will cause a number of changes of present commands and assignments. Captain C. A. Converse will probably be relieved of the command of cruiser Montgomery, as that command is not regarded commensurate with Captain Converse's higher rank. The promotion of Lieutenant George F. W. Holman to the rank of lieutenant commander leaves two officers of that rank at the Torpedo Station, and either he or Lieutenant Commander Niles is expected to be relieved in a short time.

Under the provisions of the new law the bureau chiefs of the Navy Department, who have heretofore been entitled to the relative rank and pay of commodores, will have the relative rank and pay of rear admirals of the second class, corresponding in grade and emoluments to brigadier-generals of the army. Among the officers thus affected are Captain R. B. Bradford, chief of the bureau of equipment; Captain A. S. Crowninshield, chief of the bureau of navigation, and Captain Charles O'Neill, chief of the bureau of ordnance.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. Edward F. Sullivan is here from New York.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edward R. Wharton are in Washington.

—Mr. Joseph Stevens, the polo player, is visiting his mother, the Duchess de Dino.

—Colonel D. E. Young and Mr. W. H. Young are confined to their homes by illness.

—Mrs. and Miss MacTavish are in Rome and Mrs. Henry Whitehouse is at Cannes.

—The Medical Missionary Society will meet this week with Mrs. John T. Tripp on Bull street.

—Mrs. Julia Holt and Miss Holt are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harry Holt (Miss Clarke) in New York.

—Mr. Henry O. Case of Westfield, Mass., is visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. George P. Lawton, on Touro street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert G. Shaw, Mrs. Shaw's brother, Mr. H. S. Hunnewell, and Mrs. Hunnewell are in the South, and were recently registered at the Pontchartrain.

—Private Albert C. Chapin, hospital corps, at Fort Adams, has been ordered discharged from the service of the United States by the commanding officer of his station.

—Captain Abram G. Simmons of steamer Priscilla, accompanied by Mrs. Simmons, has gone to Hot Springs, Va., where the captain hopes to recuperate after a severe attack of rheumatism.

—Rev. D. P. Brown, pastor of the Mount Zion African Methodist Episcopal Church, will preach this evening at the Shiloh Baptist Church, where special meetings will be continued during the present week.

—It was stated in a Providence despatch to the Boston Herald yesterday that the Democrats at their forthcoming state convention contemplate nominating ex-Postmaster D. E. Young of this city as their candidate for lieutenant governor.

—Hon. Perry Belmont has chartered the Satanella to Commodore H. C. House of the Seawanhaka Yacht Club, who recently sold his schooner yacht Iroquois to Mr. William G. Roelker. Commodore Rouse will make the Satanella the flagship of the Seawanhaka club.

—The school committee finds that with its available funds it will be impossible to open the Coggeshall building, which is rapidly approaching completion. In all probability the matter will be brought to the attention of the City Council. The school will be greatly needed now that warm weather is near at hand.

—Mr. A. C. Titus expects to sail for Bermuda with his daughter, Miss Mae Titus, as soon as her health will permit. Miss Titus has been quite ill for several weeks, suffering from the effects of a severe attack of the grip early in January. The trip is to be taken in hope that a few weeks spent in a warm and sunny climate may recuperate her health much more rapidly than to remain in a climate that is usually trying through the month of March on our eastern coast.

THE DANIELSON'S TRIPS FROM BLOCK ISLAND.

A correspondent at Block Island writes: "The trip to Newport last Monday afternoon will long be remembered by the passengers on steamer George W. Danielson. Captain Dodge says the people here are certainly 'peculiar,' for if he concludes not to start out on account of the weather conditions he is criticised as cowardly, while if he makes the trip he is reckoned foolhardy. Captain Conley had the same experience during the eighteen years that he was master. The moral of the situation is obvious."

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. John H. Manchester has returned from a visit of a few days in Newport.

Miss Mason, who has been guest of Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Lewis for some time, is now guest of Mrs. Ruth Peckham on Paradise avenue.

Miss Carrie M. Lewis has been visiting in Portsmouth during the past week.

The strong wind of last week lifted the tin roof of the stable at the Frederick A. Lawton place, tearing off nearly half of one side.

Mr. Edward Irish has secured a position on the Newport electric road as motorman. Last summer he was conductor.

Mr. Joseph A. Peckham, the Prohibition candidate for governor, is the son of Elisha and Ardelia Peckham and is one of eleven children, four sons and seven daughters. The greater part of his life has been spent in this town, although about ten years ago he lived a year or so in New York. Upon his return he engaged in farming, having a model truck farm, the raising of melons being one of his specialties. Wishing to ascertain which of the many fertilizers offered in the markets is best suited to the soil of his farm, he entered the Agricultural College at Kingston to make a special study of chemicals. For some years he has traveled quite extensively as a fertilizer agent.

Saturday noon Nathaniel Peckham, auctioneer, sold at foreclosure the cottage, stable and four and one half acres of land, situated on the north side of Green End avenue, belonging to the Frederick Schmelling estate, to A. O'D. Taylor of Newport for $2,500.

THE POOR CAN BORROW WITHOUT INTEREST.

A little club of Jewish women financiers in Chicago has successfully conducted a loan association which has been able to afford relief in cases of necessity without the beneficiaries feeling the stigma of charity recipients. This Jewish women's loan association is one of the most novel among women's organizations of the country and has only been in operation during the present winter.

The women have placed over $1,000 in small loans, and they have yet to suffer a loss. The loan association itself is composed of fifty women of the Seventh ward, with a large number of passive members, or contributors, who give the association sums ranging from five cents upward weekly. The association has over forty men and women on its books at present. Ten dollars is the largest sum which the association will place at one time. It has never had to close its doors, even in the event of unusually large demands upon its cash. In such cases the directors borrow small sums from the business men of the neighborhood and continue its loans.

The association enables the small peddler to increase his stock when an increase means more profits and he has not the money to invest. He can take out $5 and make the additions to his stock that he cares to. Payment is on the installment plan and commences immediately, twenty-five cents a week for $5 and fifty cents for $10. When he has paid up the loan he can take out another and make more additions to his stock in trade. Security is required and the guarantors are carefully investigated. No interest is charged.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

THE ADVANTAGE OF CRITICISM.

A journeyman hatter, a companion of Dr. Franklin, was about to set up in business for himself, and wished to have an appropriate sign to put over his door. He designed one that bore the following inscription: "John Thompson, Hatter, makes and sells Hats for ready Money." Following this was a picture of a hat. But he was not quite certain of the suitability of his sign, and he decided to submit it to his friends for their criticism. The first that he showed it to objected to the word "Hatter," because it was followed by the words "makes Hats," which sufficiently explained that he was a hatter. The word was struck out. The next said that the word "makes" was useless, because the customers would not care who made the hats, so long as they were satisfactory and the price was not too high. He struck that out also. The third man said that the words "for ready Money" might as well go, as it was not the custom to sell hats on credit; every one who bought expected to pay. These words were taken out, and the inscription read, "John Thompson sells Hats." His next friend said "sells" might as well come out, because nobody expected him to give them away; what, then, was the use of the word "Sells" was accordingly struck out, and "Hats" was all that remained, following "John Thompson." Even this, short as it was, was further diminished, and the sign finally stood, "John Thompson," with the figure of the hat following it.—[Harper's Round Table.

SHAW AND HUNNEWELL.

The Boston Herald says: Quincy A. Shaw, jr., and Mr. H. H. Hunnewell, who won the championship the other day in New York in racquet doubles, and the silver trophy that goes with this honor at the Philadelphia Racquet Club, have made a great name for themselves in that department of sport. The New York papers acknowledge that "the team from the Hub was far and away superior to others entered in the tournament," and that "Mr. Shaw especially gave an exhibition that was little short of marvellous. His swift, left-hand service was simply unconquerable." Furthermore, another authority says: "The fact that Shaw made all the winning aces and in the third game of the match scored all of the points on two services gives a faint idea of the superiority of the Boston man's playing."

IS IT A TRIFLE?

THAT COMMON TROUBLE, ACID DYSPEPSIA OR SOUR STOMACH.

Now Recognized as a Cause of Serious Disease.

Acid dyspepsia, commonly called heartburn or sour stomach, is a form of indigestion resulting from fermentation of the food. The stomach being too weak to digest it, the food remains until fermentation begins, filling the stomach with gas, and a bitter, sour, burning taste in the mouth is often present. This condition soon becomes chronic and being an every-day occurrence is given but little attention. Because dyspepsia is not immediately fatal, many people do nothing for the trouble.

Within a recent period a remedy has been discovered prepared solely to cure dyspepsia and stomach troubles. It is known as Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and is becoming rapidly used and prescribed as a radical cure for every form of dyspepsia.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have been placed before the public and are sold by all druggists for 50 cents per package. It is prepared by the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich., and while it promptly and effectually restores a vigorous digestion, at the same time is perfectly harmless and will not injure the most delicate stomach, but on the contrary by giving perfect digestion strengthens the stomach, improves the appetite and makes life worth living.

Send for free book on Stomach Diseases.

TONIGHT AND TOMORROW NIGHT

And each day and night during this week you can get at any druggist's Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma and Consumption. Get a bottle today and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 25c. and 50c. Sample bottle free.



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To Wash the Baby's Clothes, use Ivorine; it thoroughly cleanses and purifies without harm. Ivorine will effectually remove dirt from the finest fabrics.

Wash the Baby with White Glycerine Toilet Soap found in every package.

It is absolutely pure and wholesome—Keeps the skin soft and smooth—For Bath and Toilet it is unsurpassed. You only pay for Ivorine, the Toilet Soap costs nothing. The fame of Williams' Shaving Soaps guarantees excellence.

The J. B. Williams Co., Glastonbury, Ct.



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Initial Handkerchiefs.

We offer ladies' all-linen initial handkerchiefs at 12 1-2c. each. These are a small neat initial and a special bargain.

☞We shall give away a lady's or gentleman's Columbia Chainless Bicycle on May 27.

A ticket with every 25c. worth purchased up to that date.

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Newport Steam Laundry

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TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Sunday, Jan. 1, 1899, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Park square, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 6:00 p. m. Return, 6:15, 8:15, 10:45 a. m.; 12:45, 3:15, 4:45, 8:00 p. m. MIDDLETOWN and PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 6:00 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. FITCHBURG, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m.; COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:20, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30, 5:30, 8:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS for Boston, d7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m. Return, 8:30, 8:35 a. m.; d1:35 p. m. For Providence, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:20, 9:30 a. m.; 6:30 p. m. For PORTSMOUTH GROVE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 6:00 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEST VILLAGE and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.

a Boat from Fall River.
d Southern Terminal Station.

A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Boston.
C. PETER CLARE, Gen'l. Supt., Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

Providence, Fall River & Newport Steamboat Co.

On and after September 22, LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

Week days 8 A. M. Leave Providence, week days 4 P. M.

Mondays and Saturdays only, stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.

Excursion Tickets, only 90c.

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ARTHUR H. WATSON, President and Gen'l. Manager.

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Upholstering in all Its Branches.

We have just received our Spring samples of

CARPETS

And shall be pleased to show them to any who may favor us with a call. Carpets can be made and laid on floor in two days after placing your order. Our prices are as low as the same quality of Carpets can be bought anywhere.

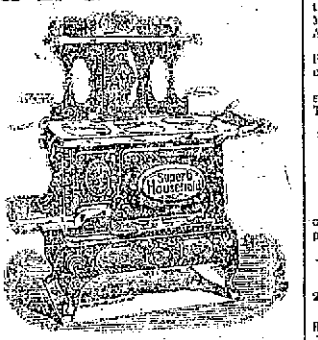
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Also a complete line of HEATING STOVES from $3 to $25.

We would call your attention to our DINNER SETS which we are selling from $6.50 to $18.

Heating Stoves at Cost.

J. F. MARDEN.

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Chair Seating in Cane, Splint, Rattan, Rush, etc.

Get our prices for making over Mattresses

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Funeral Work and Wedding Decorations a Specialty.

Fresh Cut Flowers of all kinds, Palms, Ferns and Flowering Plants.

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If you intend to

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This spring, try

H. W. John's Liquid Paint.

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Newport has world wide reputation as a watering place.

Jamestown and its hotels have a national reputation.

Hundreds of cottages are owned and occupied by best people of Middle, Southern and Western states.

New cottages are being built constantly. Yet demand exceeds supply.

CONANICUT COUNCIL, R. A., FAIR AND BALL, WEDNESDAY NIGHT, MARCH 15, AT PROSPECT HOUSE, JAMESTOWN. BOAT WILL LEAVE NEWPORT 7 P. M., INSTEAD OF 8:30, AND RETURN NEWPORTERS AT CLOSE OF BALL.

Welcome March. Welcome the work before us all, to make season of 1899 a great success for Newport and Jamestown business men. Citizens, strangers, make the trip to Jamestown, the Narragansett bay and its beauties of situation. Nature has done much; let us appreciate it and with united effort make the situation profit and gain to Newport and Jamestown.

THIS FERRY IS DIRECT ROUTE FOR ALL WHO WISH TO VIEW GOVERNMENT WORK ON NEW FORTIFICATIONS AT JAMESTOWN AND FORT GREBLE, UNDER SUPERVISION OF MAJOR LOCKWOOD.

SAIL BOATS OR STEAM LAUNCH CAN ALWAYS BE HAD AT WEST JAMESTOWN FOR CANONICUS TOWN AND NARRA GANSETT COUNTRY.

On and after January 16, 1899,
Steamer Conanicut or Beaver Tail
Will run as follows:

Leave Jamestown—6:35, 8:15, 10:05 (U. S. Mail) 11:00 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30; 3:30, 5:00 (U. S. Mail) 6:00 P. M.

Leave Newport—8:45, 9:30, 10:30 (U. S. Mail) A. M.; 12:00, M.; 2:00, 3:00, 4:30 (U. S. Mail) 5:30, 6:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown—9:00 A. M.; 4:00 P. M.
Leave Newport—9:30 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
Subject to change without notice.

J. P. KOHLER, Superintendent.

FALL RIVER LINE.

For New York, the South and West

Steamers PLYMOUTH and PILGRIM in commission. A fine orchestra on each.

Leave Newport week days only at 9:15 p. m. Due New York at 7:00 A. M.

Returning from New York steamers leave Pier 27 N. R., foot of Warren street, week days only at 5:00 P. M.

Eastward steamers touch at Newport, remaining there until 3:45 A. M. before proceeding to Fall Rivers.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames treet, J. I. GREENE, Ticket Agent.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Pass'r. Traffic Manager.
O. H. TAYLOR, Gen'l. Pass'r. Agent, New York.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.

NEWPORT AND FALL RIVER STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

IN EFFECT OCT. 11, 1898.

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR FALL RIVER—**7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 A. M.; 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:15, *9:45, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, *10:15 P. M.

LEAVE FALL RIVER FOR NEWPORT—**6:45, 7:15, 7:45, 8:45, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 A. M.; 12:15, 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, *6:15, 6:45, 7:45, 8:15 *9:45, *10:45 P. M.

Running time between City Hall, Fall River, and Newport, 90 minutes.

More frequent trips will be run Saturdays, Sundays and holidays when pleasant.

Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.

Office at Portsmouth, R. I., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.

*To Portsmouth car house only.
**Not run Sundays.

E. P. SHAW, Jr., General Manager.
R. H. FILLMORE, Jr., Superintendent.

FOR BLOCK ISLAND.

Steamer Geo. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays for Block Island at 1 o'clock. Will leave Block Island on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays for Newport at 5 o'clock and for Providence on Mondays and Wednesdays, leaving Newport at 11 o'clock. Will leave Providence for Newport on Tuesdays and Thursdays at 9 o'clock. Due at Newport at 11:30. Trips made weather permitting.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route." Nov. 1, 1898.

LEAVE	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Newport,	10 00	1 20	4 10	*7 25
Providence, arr.,	11 50	3 15	5 55	9 50
Boston, arr.,	1 15	4 25	7 29	11 00
New York, arr.,	4 30	6 57	11 00	6
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
LEAVE	Night	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
New York,	*12 03	5 00	10 02	1 [illegible]
Boston,	....	10 03	1 02	8 45
Providence,	8 34	11 33	2 07	4 10
Newport, arr.,	8 55	1 50	4 50	6 40
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.

*Via Providence, except Saturdays.

D Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:15 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:30 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:37 A. M.; Washington, 10:12 A. M.

**Through train between Wickford Junction, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington without change.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer, General Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 39 Bellevue avenue.

C. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

Muenchinger-King Cottage,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottage, opposite Newport Reading Room.

BELLEVUE AVENUE.

Mason Cottage,

20 MILL STREET. Open all the year round. Permanent or Transient Board. First Class. Reasonable Rates. GEO. MASON, Proprietor.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,

FROM

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday,

At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connections made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.

Quick Despatch, Prompt Delivery. Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R.R. or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.

E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l Manager, Boston, Mass.

NEWPORT HOTELS.

PERRY HOUSE,

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Leading hotel in the city. Open all the year. Completely renovated and refurnished. First-class in every respect, with all modern improvements. Rates $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 per day, according to location. Rates to parties by the week or month. For further information regarding rooms, etc., address WM. H. O'BRIEN, Proprietor.

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OVERLOOKING UNION SQUARE.

EVERETT HOUSE,

17th St. and 4th Ave., New York.

For convenience of situation and delightful exposure, The Everett heads the list. Thoroughly modernized. Cuisine of acknowledged excellence. European plan. Popular prices.

WM. M. BATES. D. L. M. BATES.

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American and European plans.

Most desirably situated in COPLEY SQUARE, the most fashionable locality of the city.

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Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs. only

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Practical Plumber.

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161 & 165 SPRING STREET.

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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
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JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
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PAINTER and DECORATOR.
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PRACTICAL
Tinsmiths and Metal Workers
Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.
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Carpenter and Builder,
Langley's Wharf, Opp. P. O.
RESIDENCE 28 BROADWAY.
Jobbing promptly attended to.

Michael Kirby,
Contractor and Builder,
Corner Homer and Garfield Streets.

ALL WORK DONE IS FIRST-CLASS AND PLEASES PATRONS.
GIVE ME A TRIAL ON A HOUSE, STABLE OR ANYTHING
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F. A. ALLAN, JR.,
Carpenter and Builder.
Jobbing a Specialty.
Residence and shop, 15 Gibbs Ave

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(Successor to W. H. Kelly),
MACHINIST.
Repairing on all kinds of machinery. Marine work, Bicycles and LAWN MOWERS a specialty. Work called for and delivered. Brown & Howard's Wharf, west side of Thames St

Floor Tiles.
J. B. COTTRELL,
Marble and Granite Worker
Work done in the best manner.
WARNER STREET. Opposite Island Cemetery.

MASSAGE.

EDWARD C. HOLLOWAY,
PARLORS, 79 SPRING STREET.
ELECTROLYSIS AND CHIROPODY.
Hair Moles and Warts Removed. Corns, Bunions, Ingrowing Nails and Callouses treated. Painless.
Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store or at Powell's Drug Store. Open evenings.

Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse.
General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired.
15 NEWPORT AVENUE.

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PORTRAITS
from miniature to life size finished in a variety of styles. Copying, Interior or Exterior Views of any kind. Sittings by appointment.
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$5 to $35, all using the daylight Cartridge Film and can be loaded in broad daylight.
PLATE CAMERAS
From $2 upwards, according to style and size and of the latest patterns.
Developing, Printing and Mounting, and all kinds of Photographic work.
GEO. H. CHASE,
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Arctic Ice Co.,
Wholesale and Retail
Dealers in
Natural and
Artificial Ice.
THIS COMPANY IS PREPARED TO FURNISH ICE OF THE BEST QUALITY AND IN ANY QUANTITY DESIRED.
PROMPT ATTENTION AND DELIVERY BY EXPERIENCED DRIVERS. TELEPHONE CONNECTION.
Office, Commercial Wharf.
JOHN H. GREENE, Supt.

SPANISH WAR RELICS.

Two Gunboats Which Were Sunk at Guantanamo.

Battle-Scarred Rifles From the Fleet Sunk at Santiago.

[Correspondence of the News]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Washington, as the capital of the nation, is quietly but steadily acquiring quite a collection of relics from the late Spanish war. With the heads of the departments and a navy yard in this city, it is natural that many objects of interest should be brought here and placed on exhibition. Perhaps the largest and most important relics, if such they may be called, now to be seen are the two Spanish gunboats, Alvarado and Sandoval, which were taken from the enemy at Guantanamo, the latter, however, being sunk before being abandoned by the dons. These are not gunboats in the ordinary sense of the word, but merely diminutive cruisers 118 feet long, resembling our torpedo boats, except that they lack torpedo attachments and have the flat, instead of round deck. Neither can develop a speed of over 11 knots an hour and are hence more interesting as relics than as additions to Uncle Sam's navy. One of these "gunboats" carried two 6 pound rifles of modern make; the other one a 6 pounder and a 1 pounder of repeating design. When the sea is more quiet, the two vessels are to be sent to New York for overhauling and may subsequently be put into the revenue service.

Spanish Ordnance.

Aside from these boats, the navy yard has quite a large display of Spanish ordnance, mainly rifles taken from the Vizcaya, Cristobal Colon and Oquendo after the conflict off Santiago. There are 17 guns in this lot, all of one design, with a bore of 17 centimeters, or about 6½ inches. Many bear the marks of having been through hard service, and all have the appearance of having undergone great heat, probably the result of the fires which broke out on the several vessels after they were beached. Alongside the guns are as many shields, all scorched and powder stained, some scarred, others pierced by American shells, one in particular bearing evidence of the good American marksmanship in the way of a hole made by a 10 inch shell not ten inches from the center. On one of the rifles, too, is a mark or dent made by a small American shell, evidently a 6 pounder, which, striking at a glance, failed to do serious damage. The mounts of the Spanish guns are also lying in the yard, but in a separate pile. It is said to be the ultimate intention of the department to distribute these guns to several cities about the country for exhibition as relics, for they are of no use as ordnance.

From the Cristobal Colon.

Another relic now on exhibition is the scrollwork taken from the stern of the Cristobal Colon. This is the property of the navy department, but, being of huge dimensions and weight, has been turned over to the National museum. This scroll, resembling much a bird with outspread wings, centers around the Spanish coat of arms. The entire figure is of brass and covers, when spread, a length of 30 feet, tapering from points at either end to the coat of arms, which in itself is six feet or more in height. When finally mounted, this scroll will make one of the largest exhibits in the museum. Aside from this, many relics of smaller size are on view in the museum—relics from Cuba and Manila, Spanish and American. The first thing to catch the eye is a part of the silver service from the Maine, comprising a loving cup, a soup tureen and two vegetable dishes, the former presented by Maine citizens in New Orleans and the last three by the state of Maine. Other Maine relics are displayed, showing marks of the terrible explosion, but the silver escaped unscratched.

Other Relics.

In another case are pieces of armor from different vessels, showing the effect of Spanish balls, flags of truce used on memorable occasions, captured Spanish emblems from Cuban fields and many relics brought home by American officers, showing the means whereby the Spaniard made war, his rifles, revolvers, sabers, bullets and powder. An interesting relic in this connection is an old Springfield rifle captured in Cuba from the enemy, which was made in the days before breechloading rifles were known, and yet that ancient piece of ordnance was used in these modern days. The submarine mine which was picked up by the United States steamship Marblehead at Guantanamo, rusty, scarred and covered with barnacles, also stands among the other exhibits, along side of powder cans, bent and dented, taken from the Maine after her destruction. A complete collection of Cuban machetes has been made, showing the various designs used in the different parts of the Island, and even so ancient a weapon as the battleax was recovered at Santiago after the surrender. From an American ship was taken an electric fan which was used to expel smoke from a turret during an engagement after large guns had been fired. Its scars and bruises bear evidence of the service it once rendered. These and hundreds of small relics are all placed on exhibition for the benefit of the resident and visiting public, and the collection is being steadily increased by relics constantly contributed.

Relics at Expositions.

There is no doubt that the people of the United States will have an opportunity to see the more important relics of the war, or at the least those which can be transported readily. The different expositions that are to be held throughout the country will have among their attractions all the relics that can be collected and placed on exhibition. The government is very liberal in the matter of expositions, and congress seems to be willing to give them the indorsement and appropriation. Three have been provided during the last session—one at Philadelphia, one at Buffalo and another at Toledo. In the next congress it is expected that a liberal appropriation will be made for the Louisiana Purchase exposition at St. Louis, to be held in 1903. It was noticed in the house that the sections seeking appropriations for the expositions acted in very great harmony. The representatives from New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and the Louisiana purchase voted together and made a common cause in supporting the different propositions, but then every exposition of a national or international character has had a government exhibit, no matter in what part of the country held, a precedent which will no doubt be followed in the future.

ARTHUR W. DUNN.

THE AMERICAN ACADEMY.

The vote for ten charter members for an American Academy of Immortals, in Literature, has been a strange one in respect to what might be called its scattering nature. The ballots cast for the ten leading names of last week were not materially increased in number, but fourteen new names were added to the list, six of which were of women. The leading names are not changed, although their sequence is somewhat altered, Mr. Clemens taking second place from Mr. John Fiske, who in turn is forced to share the honors of third with Mr. Thomas Bailey Aldrich. Mr. Burroughs runs ahead of Mr. Cable, and Mrs. Deland from being eighteenth on the list takes twelfth place, or within two of the limit of ten.

A TRAPPER'S STORY.

"You want a story, do you?"

"Yes."

"Then you shall have it. I ain't one that believes in being coaxed when all the time your mind is made up to do as you are asked. I don't want anybody to spend words and breath on me for nothing."

So said the old trapper Nick Ames to me as we sat one night in the barroom of a rude hotel on the verge of one of our far western states.

The best part of Nick's life had been spent in the calling of trapper and guide, and I well knew that, like all of his class, he had met with many hairbreadth escapes in his time.

He knocked the ashes from his pipe and laid it down beside him on the edge of the bench on which he sat. Then he began:

"One time I was off on a traveling tour, away up on one of the branches of the Yellowstone. My old partner, John Gillis, was with me. It was the last trip he ever made. John was a good fellow, and I couldn't have felt worse when he died if he had been my own brother. We had been together for nigh ten years, and that is long enough for fellows to take a liking to one another if they are ever a-going to.

"I don't know what it was that ailed John. He was took sick suddonlike one day, and although I done everything for him that I could think of he grew worse and worse. At last he died, and there I was alone with him, with not a human being, without it was a redskin, within 100 miles of me that I knew of.

"You can believe that I didn't feel over and above jolly then. A body wouldn't be apt to be along with a dead man, and he the best friend you had in the world.

"I've seen a good many gloomy hours, mister—times when I wouldn't have given a straw for the chances for my life—but I do believe that I felt more down to the bit then when I see John laying afore me, so still and white, than I ever did before or since.

"It was hard work for me to put him away under ground so soon, but there was no help for it. I knew that the wolves would be prowling around as soon as it come dark, and that the sooner I was through with the job the better. So I dug as good looking a grave as I could with the things I had to do it with, and wrapping his blanket about him I laid him in it and covered him up.

"It was a tough job for me, mister, but I got through with it, and then I kept watch over the spot all through the night. I was afraid that the wolves might scent it out and so make a feast of what was left of poor John.

"The next morning I left the spot and set my face toward the east. I was mighty lonesome, and that day I would have given every skin in my pack if I could have seen the face of a white man.

"I traveled on till night came, and then, tired and sleepy, I lay down to rest. I ate a little food that I had with me, for I didn't dare to start a fire. I had seen too many fresh signs of redskins that day to run the risk of that.

"I was asleep in less than ten minutes after I struck the ground. I had gone without any so long that I could not have kept awake had it been to have saved my life.

"I don't know how long it was that I slept, but it must have been for a number of hours, for the moon didn't rise until after midnight, and now it seemed to hang about a yard above the earth. I woke up with a start and a feeling that something was wrong. It seemed for all the world as though some great danger was about me and I should have a hard job if I got clear of it.

"I rose up on my elbow and looked about me. The moon shone only dimly as yet, and by its light I could make out nothing. So I lay back again, thinking of John and saying to myself that it was his death that made me so nervous.

"I was just dropping to sleep again when I thought I heard a slight sound close beside me.

"Again I rose on my elbow, but saw nothing. Almost angry with myself for being so nervous and having such strange fancies, I lay back again and closed my eyes.

"In about a minute more they were open again, and this time I saw something that sent a thrill from my scalp to my toes.

"A huge redskin, with his knife in his hand, was standing within a yard of me.

"His eyes were fixed upon my face, and his arm was raised as though to strike a blow that should take my life.

"I felt a chill creeping about my heart, for I knew that I was never so near to death as I was then.

"The least motion on my part, showing that I was awake, would be a signal for him to plunge his knife into my heart.

"A movement of a hand toward either of my weapons would pronounce my doom.

"The least motion looking to my defense would shorten the brief lease of life I held.

"What could I do?

"Never in all my life had I been in such a strait before.

"At that instant the crackling of a twig behind the savage caused him to glance quickly about.

"Slight as was the chance this afforded me, I took it, for I knew it was my only hope.

"In an instant I was upon my feet, with my rifle in my hand.

"The savage turned, but as he did so there was a whizzing sound in the air, and a huge panther planted itself firmly upon his back, and they went down together.

"The beast, instead of making a meal of me, as it intended, had saved my life from another foe.

"I raised my rifle to shoot the panther, but hesitated before I pulled the trigger.

"After the service it had done me it should live if it would let me alone.

"I moved slowly away from the spot, and the last sound I heard was the crunching of the redskin's bones."—New York News.

TURF AND FIELD CLUB.

At the Turf and Field Club's annual election, the following board of governors was elected for the ensuing year: J. Harry Alexandre, Francis R. Appleton, J. J. Astor, James H. Beckman, Perry Belmont, August Belmont, Frederic Bronson, Royal Phelps Carroll, A. J. Cassatt, William Astor Chanler, John E. Cowdin, Amos T. French, G. G. Haven, Center Hitchcock, F. R. Hitchcock, A. Iselin, Jr., Brayton Ives, E. C. La Montagne, Ogden Mills, Edwin D. Morgan, J. Pierpont Morgan, E. C. Potter, S. Howland Robbins, W. H. Sands, W. Watts Sherman, F. K. Sturgis, Nathaniel Thayer, William C. Whitney, Robert Dudley Winthrop and R. T. Wilson, Jr.

The board of governors elected officers for the year as follows: President, Perry Belmont; vice president, S. Howland Robbins; treasurer, Francis R. Appleton; secretary, Amos T. French; executive committee, Brayton Ives, W. H. Sands and R. T. Wilson, Jr.

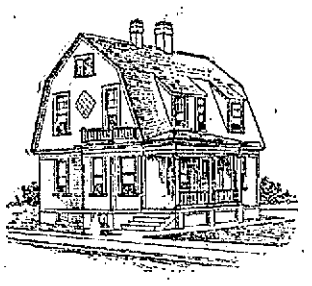
Does Coffee Agree With You?

If not, drink Grain-O—made from pure grains. A lady writes: "The first time I made Grain-O I did not like it but after using it for one week nothing would induce me to go back to coffee." It nourishes and feeds the system. The children can drink it freely with great benefit. It is the finest tasting substance of pure grains. Get a package today from your grocer, follow the directions in making it and you will have a delicious and healthful table beverage for old and young. 15c. and 25c.

DUTCH COLONIAL STYLE.

[Copyrighted, 1899.]

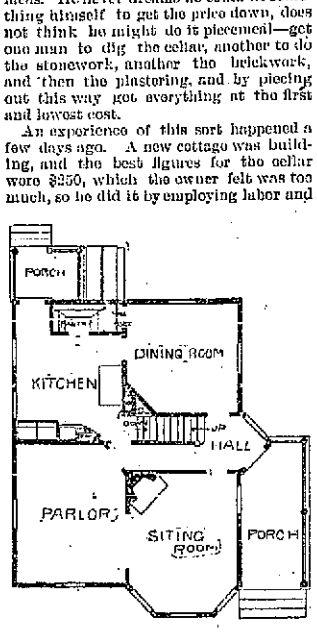
Some men have an idea that all things will come to them if they only wait, and on the strength of this they sit down and let the other fellow worry. A young man wants to build a cottage, so he buys his lot and exhausts his cash and must borrow to build. This is generally easy to do if he does not want too much and his ability to pay is all right as determined by the appraisal that must be made. This done and the money issue secured, he



PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

plans a house invariably a third larger than he needs or his money will pay for. Then he goes to the highest priced builders he can find and lets them figure on it and finds out from their standpoint the value of such a building, and the first figures generally are such that he finds he cannot build anything but the meanest kind of a shanty and must change his ideas. He never dreams he could do something himself to get the price down, does not think he might do it piecemeal—get one man to dig the cellar, another to do the stonework, another the brickwork, and then the plastering, and by piecing out this way get everything at the first and lowest cost.

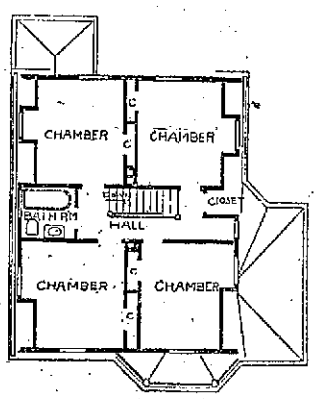
An experience of this sort happened a few days ago. A new cottage was building, and the best figures for the cellar were $350, which the owner felt was too much, so he did it by employing labor and



FIRST STORY PLAN.

buying materials himself and found it footed up $139, a saving of $118. And I have seen whole buildings go through in the same proportion. It is always an easy thing to let out labor, and a good buyer will buy at lowest cash rates always, and sometimes get long credit at that. One client I have, who is a good business man and always does his own building (he is not a builder either), buys everything at first hand—lumber, bricks, lime, cement, nails—and will buy as cheap as the dealer who sells again, and he can beat any builder I ever knew in getting a good economical building. He says he could not afford to build in any other way, and he is right and is never so happy as when he has a building operation on the way.

When you get ready to build, study and work with the view to getting the work



PLAN OF SECOND STORY.

done at as near cost as possible and pay the least profit you can. This is every man's duty to himself and his family.

The cottage here shown is 26 feet front and 31 feet deep, not including bay, and is a cottage in Dutch colonial style, simple, cozy and nice. The cellar is of stone, the frame sheathed, first story clapboarded and the rest shingled. Stock sizes for sashes, doors, etc., are used. Everything is inexpensive and easily secured, and all that is wanting are the application to put the parts together and the brains to engineer the operation, and the battle is won before it is begun. A cozy home nest is always worth striving for and can be got if the perseverance of the striver is of any account.

PATH GRAVEL.

While you are fixing up your lawns and paths order some of Peckham Brothers' Blue-Crushed Stone-Gravel and have one of the handsomest paths in the city. It is sure to give satisfaction. Peckham Bros. Middletown, R. I. Newport Address. P. O. Box 193.

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FOR YOUR
Daily, Sunday and Weekly Town and "Out of Town" Newspapers.
WE WILL DELIVER THEM TO YOU PROMPTLY.
THE CITY NEWS CO.,
241 THAMES STREET.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 6, Wall Street—The stock market opened irregular, with Atchison at 22¾, Burlington 130½, General Electric 117, Louisville & Nashville 83¾, Manhattan 110¾, Missouri Pacific 45¾, Brooklyn Transit 91½, Northern Pacific 51¾, Rock Island 117, Sugar 138½, St. Paul 128, Southern preferred 48, Tobacco 105¾, Union Pacific 40½, Union Pacific preferred 79¼, Federal Steel 51¾, Federal Steel preferred 88, and Western Union 93¾.

10—Most of the leading shares opened slightly below Saturday's close, but there were a few exceptions here and there, with the improvements very material. General Electric sold up two points and American Steel & Wire preferred, New Jersey Central and Reading first preferred about a point.

Noon—Money on call, firm, at 3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3 @ 4½ per cent; sterling exchange, firmer, at $4.85¾ @ 6 for demand and $4.83¾ @ 4 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.84½ @ 5 and $4.87½ @ 7; commercial bills, $4.83 @ 4; silver certificates, nominally at 59½ @ 60½; bar silver, 59¾; Mexican dollars, 47½. There was a feeble rally in the stock market on the short side. The rally, however, was very light and the market speedily lapsed into dullness. Railway bonds showed weakness, with the active issues conspicuous. Sales of stocks to noon, 307,183 shares.

NEW YORK, MARCH 6.

	Noon.
Atchison	22¾
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	130¾
C., C., C. & St. Louis	57½
Delaware & Hudson	112¾
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	157
Erie	12½
Illinois Central	111½
Lake Shore	200
Louisville & Nashville	81
Manhattan	110¾
Michigan Central	113
Missouri Pacific	45¾
New York, New Haven & Hartford	222
New Jersey Central	102½
New York Central	121¾
Northern Pacific	51½
Northern Pacific preferred	78¾
Northwestern	147½
Ontario & Western	20½
Oregon Navigation	49
Reading	23¾
Rock Island	116¾
St. Paul	127½
Southern Railway	12½
Southern Railway preferred	47¾
Union Pacific preferred	78¾
Wheeling & Lake Erie	11
Wells, Fargo Express	153
American Spirits	13½
American Tobacco	102½
Bay State Gas	4½
General Electric	115½
Lead	31½
Pacific Mail	40½
Sugar Refining	133
Leather	6½
U. S. Rubber	45½
Western Union	93¾

FINANCIAL.

NORMAN & CO.
MEMBERS OF
New York & Boston Stock Exchanges.
Investment Securities.
Stocks and Bonds Bought and Sold in all Markets for Cash or on Margin.
Interest Allowed on Deposits Subject to Cheque.
PRIVATE WIRE TO NEW YORK.
66 State St., Boston
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
Long Distance Telephone.

HENRY CLEWS & CO., BANKERS.
11, 13, 15 and 17 BROAD STREET.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.
Orders executed for investment or on margin. Interest allowed on deposit subject to Check at sight. Act as Financial Agents for Corporations and Investors.
Branch Offices: 252 5th Ave., cor. 25th street 457 Broadway, Silk Exchange Building, 57 Hudson street, Mercantile Exchange, 18 Court street Brooklyn.

JAMES W. NOYES,
96 Broadway and 8 Wall Street.
(Successor to WM. G. NOYES),
Dealer in
NEW YORK & BROOKLYN FINANCIAL
TRUST CO'S STOCKS.
(Specialties for 30 years).
See my correct and reliable daily tables of quotations, etc., in most of the Wall Street publications.
—ALSO—
Guaranteed R. R. and Telegraph Stocks and Miscellaneous Securities.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LADIES' CALF BUTTON OR LACE BOOTS reduced to $4.50 a pair.
Ladies' Colt-Skin Button Boots, reduced to $3.50 a pair.
Ladies' Box Calf Lace Boots, reduced to $2.50 a pair.
—AT—
The T. Mumford Seabury Co's,
214 THAMES STREET.
Telephone No. 214-4.

JOHN S. LANGLEY,
Funeral Director
—AND—
EMBALMER.
Frederick E. Langley,
ASSISTANT.
Office 16 Franklin St. Telephone at office and residence.
Residence 1 School St.

NOTICE!
Parties having horses lame or ailing, can have them examined at my stables every Wednesday from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M., free of charge.
CHANDLER QUINTIN,
Veterinarian.
Newport Riding Academy,
Tew's Court, Newport
10 YEARS EXPERIENCE AS A VETERINARIAN. ON CHARGE OF THE BEST STOCK FARMS IN UNITED STATES.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Insurance
Of every description written at
REDUCED RATES,
In strongest companies.
A. S. SHERMAN,
Merchants Bank.

WE OFFER FOR SALE THE
Estate 40 Walnut Street.
House in excellent condition, heated with hot air and hot water, all modern improvements, a nice stable and handsome grounds. Would make a fine summer residence or permanent home. For terms apply to.
DAVIS & WARD,
SOLE AGENTS.
169 Thames Street.
LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 48.

FOR RENT
For $1,000,
FOR THE SUMMER
Gould Island,
Situated in Narragansett bay, 8 miles from Newport, including the use of a naphtha launch and sailboat, also cows and horses and privilege of a garden.
Apply to C. T. KNOWLES, Bay View House, JAMESTOWN, R. I.
Send for printed list of furnished cottages for 1899.

Rent Free!
Why pay rent when you can buy a two tenement house in a thriving city, which pays the interest on the cost and taxes. Also have for sale two first-class two tenement houses situated next to corner of Broadway and two of the best streets this side of Bliss Road, which by buying and renting half will make a nominal rent. Will be sold on very reasonable terms. One will require $1,400 cash, one only $1,500 cash. Saving rent saves money and makes you a property owner.
DANIEL WATSON. 220 THAMES STREET.

Store and Offices
in the
Daily News Building.
For rent, the new double store in the News building. Has steam heat, rear entrance, electric and gas lights, and all conveniences.
Also, eight offices in the second and third stories of the brick building—four on each floor—to be let singly or in pairs or otherwise, as may be desired. The rooms are well finished, have large windows, electric and gas lighting, and city water.
The rent includes heating and janitor service. Apply to
T. T. PITMAN,
Daily News Counting Room.

THE ONE HUNDRED
Was closed promptly Dec. 27, 1898.
Jan. 1, 1899, we propose to start a
NEW ONE HUNDRED.
Make early application while in good health for a policy in the
MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF NEW YORK.
CLARENCE A. HAMMETT, Agent.

To Rent,
UNFURNISHED,
DESIRABLE COTTAGE on Catherine street, in very good order.
APPLY TO
JOHN WHIPPLE.

FOR SALE.
Desirable Building Lots
On Spring, Carey and Hammond streets and Narragansett avenue.
DeBlois & Eldridge,
Agents for Carey Estate

Newport Transfer Express Co.
Solicit consignments of Freight.
Piano Moving a Specialty.
The only express checking baggage at residence to destination.
Accessible by Telephone at any and all hours.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Ave.
BRANCH OFFICE, 272 Thames St.
E. B. HARRINGTON,
Treasurer and General Manager.
DOUBLE RATES FOR SUNDAY CALLS.

BARGAIN!
For Sale---Nearly New Heavy 3-Spring Potato or Express Wagon.
APPLY TO
J. B. Bachelier, Commercial Wharf.

The Standard,

THE CELEBRATED WINTHROP RANGE.

One of these ranges has done constant service for eight years without change of grate or lining.

The New Sterling,

The heaviest portable range on the market. Comes high but lasts longest.

REPAIRS FOR ALL OUR RANGES ON HAND. ALL OTHER REPAIRS AT SHORT NOTICE.

WE ARE ALSO SOLE AGENTS FOR THE EDDY REFRIGERATOR.

W K Covell, 163 Thames St.

AMMONIA,

8 cents a Bottle. We are selling AMMONIA, not water;you can add the water yourself for less than you can buy it. If you want a bottle send and get it; for we have but a small lot of this article.

WOOD ALCOHOL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. THE PURE ARTICLE.

NAPHTHA In large or small quantities at rock bottom prices. Go to 69 Mill street for any of the above articles.

Kindling Wood delivered to any part of the city, 4barrels for one dollar. It is nice, dry, clean pine wood, cut from clean kiln-dried forest trees. Beware of kindlings made from old torn down buildings; it is more or less decayed and harbors bed bugs, ants and disease germs. It is sold very cheap, but in the end may be very dear. Leave your order at 69 to 75 Mill street.

Old Company Lehigh

NONE BETTER

For Domestic Use or Greenhouse Trade.

ABRAM ALMY,

178 THAMES STREET.

NEWPORT

Illuminating Co.

Electric Lighting. Electric Power.

RESIDENCES AND STORES FURNISHED FOR ELECTRICITY AT LOWEST RATES.

Electric Supplies, Fixtures and Shades.

449 to 455 Thames Street, NEWPORT, R. I.

What to Choose for a Bride

is often a perplexing question. Our Sterling Silver Department is ever ready with suggestions that have the merit of being in good taste.

We have a very pretty colonial tea set (4 pieces) at $30; 1 doz. Sterling Tea Spoons, Cream Ladle and Sugar Spoon, in case, only $8.50. Sterling Bon Bon Dish, $3.75, 1doz Sterling Handle Knives, in case, $8, and lots of other combinations.

HERRMANN'S,

219 THAMES STREET

Strawberries.

ORANGES, GRAPES, FIGS, PEARS, APPLES AND NUTS.

Burlingame & Carry,

257 & 259 Thames St

Special Sale

—OF—

DRUMS!

For Saturday and Monday,

—AT—

Very Low Prices.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE,

154 Thames Street.

PEANOLIA,

A REFINED

Peanut Butter,

A new and superior food product, manufactured from the best selected peanuts. Delicious for lunches.

Per jar, 25c.

F. P. Garrettson & Co.

16 & 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

When ordering

COAL

from drivers

Look for the

"Yellow" Teams.

Clean coal and Prompt delivery.

PERRY BROS.,

MAIN OFFICE, 187 THAMES STREET.

STONE FOR THE CITY HALL.

Westerly Sun Offers Material from the Horace Vose Quarry.

Only Condition That Hall the Cutting Shall be Done in That Town.

The Westerly Sun, in its last allusion to the Newport city hall granite, disapproves the offer made to this city,charging that the stone is from an unknown quarry in an unknown part of the state for the production of good granite. The Sun had previously heartily endorsed the proposition. The Sun says:

"The efforts of the people of the city of Newport to obtain a handsome and enduring city hall at a moderate cost are being carefully watched by the people of the state, and especially by people in the town of Westerly. The latter sympathize with the city when the commission proposes to build the edifice of sandstone, or some cheap material. They regret that the commission does not take warning from the experiences of that body which could not afford to use granite for the state house, but went to Georgia for marble with which to construct a palace far beyond the capacity of the state to build and maintain.

"Westerly people were of the opinion that the offer of the Newport Herald to furnish free granite from a quarry in the southwestern part of the state would solve the difficulty, providing, as it would, the means of acquiring an enduring structure within the appropriation at the disposal of the commission. But Westerly people have since changed their minds, when they learned that the Newport Herald's offer was for granite of an unknown quality, from an unknown quarry, in a section of the state unknown for its production of fine stone.

"Now the Sun would like to make an offer to the city commission of Newport. Horace Vose has a quarry located on Quarry Hill, in the town of Westerly. It is half a mile from a convenient siding on the main line of the Consolidated railroad, over a macadamized road; it is one quarter of a mile from the junction of the Consolidated road and the Batterson Branch railroad; and, finally, it is a little over half a mile from Pawcatuck river, where stone can be loaded on barges or vessels, and landed at any wharf in Newport at comparatively small expense.

"The stone is in a side hill, easy to quarry. It is the famous red Westerly granite, of fine quality. Samples of fresh broken stone, and stone that has been broken for five years, will be furnished. These specimens will show its appearance fresh cut, and also the effect of years of exposure.

"The conditions of the offer are few and simple. The stone will be a free gift to the city of Newport, provided at least one half the cutting is done in Westerly. The work may be done by Newport workmen, although it would be preferable to use Westerly stone cutters, if possible, for the work that would be done here. This offer is made in good faith, and the owner of the quarry is ready and willing to carry out the provisions of this offer, which the Sun makes with his approval. If the residents of Newport are looking for the best interests of their city, they will do well to consider this offer."

TO IMPROVE ST. COLUMBA'S CEMETERY.

At St Joseph's Church yesterday Rev. Father Deady stated that Bishop Harkins had given him full charge of St Columba's, the Catholic cemetery in Middletown, and that he proposed as soon as possible to take steps to improve the conditions there, including the method of reaching the cemetery, and to have the grounds and graves properly cared for and beautified. To this end he would shortly call together the owners of lots in the new ground, to form an association for the proper care of this, the last resting-place of many of the Catholics of the city. This he thinks can be done with little expense to each lot owner, and with a very material improvement of the appearance of the place. The debt on the cemetery has very nearly been wiped out and when this is finally done more money will be available for beautifying and improving the grounds. Nature has done a great deal to make this cemetery an ideal one, and with the improvements Father Deady proposes, and the assistance expected from the lot owners, it should soon be made a beautiful spot.

"THE QUEEN'S SHILLING."

There was a fair-sized audience at the Opera House Saturday evening to see the Romain Stock Company in the comedy, "The Queen's Shilling," in which the Kendals have frequently played and which is one of their favorites. The performance of the comedy was preceded by a monologue written by Miss Ann Fletcher and performed by her in a pleasing manner. This was entitled "The Lady or the Hair ?" and Miss Fletcher by frequent changes of costume portrayed three widely differing characters in a creditable and interesting manner.

"The Queen's Shilling" gave the members of the company excellent opportunities to show their dramatic capabilities and each part was presented in a manner that called forth frequent expressions of approval. Miss Alethe Craig as Estella Mortimer was particularly pleasing and gave a finished and artistic rendition of the character. Mr. William J. Romain was also excellent in the part of the lancer, and in the second act, where he met his colonel in the reception room, made a very favorable impression. Mr. Orr S. Cash, as the irascible Colonel Courtley, was clever, notably in his outbursts of temper at the irritation of the young lancer. Mr. Harry Lane as Musician Dillon, Mr. R. W. Pigeon as Sergeant Major Bloomer, Miss Louise Meredith as Mrs. Singleby, and Miss Ann Fletcher as Mrs. Tompkins, were all good and the performance was given with dash and finish.

PRESIDENT TITUS RESIGNS.

Mr. A. C. Titus has tendered to the board of directors of the National Exchange Bank his resignation as president, to take effect at once. This announcement will be read with much surprise by the community, for Mr. Titus has long been identified with the institution, having been a director for about twenty years, and for thirteen years its president. During Mr. Titus's official relations with this bank its surplus has doubled, its deposits have more than trebled, and the market value of the stock has increased from $72 to $81.25 per share, the par value being $50 a share.

Mr. Titus wishes it understood that his action at this time is not on account of any financial affairs with the bank, as he is not himself a borrower from the bank, but that his reasons are purely personal.

THIS WEEK'S SPECIAL SERVICES.

Special Lenten services will be held as usual at the various churches during the week as follows:

Rev. F. B. Cole of Wickford will preach at St. George's Tuesday evening.

Rev. John F. Sullivan, formerly of this city, will preach the Lenten sermon at St. Mary's Tuesday evening.

The ambulance was called out Broadway this afternoon by the sudden illness of an Italian peddler, who, however, recovered and went on her way before the ambulance reached her.

The union service of the Protestant Episcopal churches will be held this week at Emmanuel. Wednesday evening, Rev. William H. Lewis, D. D., of St. John's Church, Bridgeport, Conn., preaching the sermon.

Rev. Alexander McKenzie, D. D., of Cambridge, Mass., will preach at the special service at the United Congregational Church, Wednesday evening, his theme being "The Walk with God."

Rev. W. Northey Jones of Manchester, N. H., will preach at Trinity Church, Thursday evening, his subject being "Herod."

Rev. F. J. Bassett, D. D., of the Church of the Redeemer, Providence, will preach at Emmanuel Church Friday evening.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—George F. Davis of Philadelphia, J. E. Spaulding and F. M. Burnett of Providence, and H. M. Mulholland, George R. Gardner, C. W. Newman and W. A. Tarbell of Boston are at the Perry House.

—Major Lockwood of the engineer corps and Lieutenant Hubbard, quartermaster at Fort Adams, have submitted plans for permanent officers' quarters at the fort, to cost $35,000. Work will begin soon.

—DeBlois & Eldridge have rented for Mr. J. T. Spencer his villa on Victoria, Ruggles, Lawrence and Wetmore avenues, Ochre Point, known as "Althorpe," to Mr. Buchanan Winthrop of New York for the coming season.

—Mrs. Ames of Providence, president of the Rhode Island branch of the Woman's Auxiliary to the Board of Missions, will speak on missionary work tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the Sunday school room of Emmanuel Church.

—A. O'D. Taylor has sold to Oscar Orlando Wilson and his wife, Bridget Agnes Wilson, for James Corrigan, the latter's cottage and lot bounded easterly on Tilden avenue, southerly in part by land of Patrick M. Kenner and in part by land of Richard Skelley, westerly by land of Mary Jones,and northerly by Appleby street, containing 2,091 square feet of land.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

There was some thunder and a few flashes of lightning Saturday evening about 11 o'clock, again at 4 Sunday morning, and about 11 o'clock heavier thunder and more lightning occurred, followed by one of the dreariest of Sundays.

Mrs. Edward Faulkner is spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Howard Thurston, of Union street.

Mr. Frank Watts is guest of his sister, Mrs. F. C. Cory.

Miss Mabel Coggeshall was guest Sunday of Mrs. Joseph G. Dennis.

Mr. Frederick Sherman, son of Mr. Gardner T. Sherman, took part in a dramatic entertainment at Swansea Saturday evening.

Frequent rehearsals are being held in the public library for the mock trial. Mr. John Roberts will act as judge.

Visitors to Island Park will regret to hear of the sudden death caused by pneumonia of Mr. Patrick Foley, who acted as prompter last season, and who by his willingness to oblige won many friends and seemed especially adapted to the position. He leaves a wife and several children.

Mrs. Charles S. Sisson has been quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Sanford of New York are guests of Mr. Sanford's mother, Mrs. W. H. Sanford.

Mrs. J. M. Eldredge's dancing class met Friday evening at Oakland hall to rehearse for the reception.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union will meet with Mrs. Charles Littlefield Tuesday afternoon.

The high wind took out about half the end of William M. Sisson's barn.

John Compasso, who gave up the milk business in the fall, selling out to Mr. Daniel A. Carter of Middletown, has taken it up again in Middletown.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

PETER KNOWE.

Sudden Death of a Well Known Contractor and Master Mason.

Peter Knowe, a well known contractor and master mason, died suddenly of heart disease at his home on Hall avenue shortly after midnight this morning. He had not been in the best of health of late, but had shown no alarming symptoms and Sunday was about the house, apparently in his usual health. Death came very suddenly, before those who were with him could summon a physician.

Mr. Knowe was born in Montreal about 53 years ago and came to Newport in 1872, having resided previous to that time in Natick in this state. He was a member of Company B, Eleventh Rhode Island volunteers, and served with distinction with that regiment in the civil war. Upon coming to Newport he engaged in the business of contractor and mason and built a large number of structures about the city, his last public building being the Townsend Industrial School. He was a member of Newport Lodge of Elks and of Charles E. Lawton Post, No. 5, G. A. R., was also prominent in Forestry, having been a member and past chief ranger of Court Pride of the City, a charter member of Newport Conclave, Knights of Sherwood Forest, and was last year at the head of the latter organization. He had also held several offices in the Supreme Conclave and was well known throughout the country among members of this branch of the order.

The deceased leaves a widow and nine children, four sons and five daughters, the latter including Mrs. Frank Silvia, Mrs. Frank M. Wheeler and Mrs. Harry R. Weaver. One son, Mr. Peter Knowe, Jr., resides in Chicago, the others living here with their parents.

AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

There is a pretty general opinion that the large woolen mills of Rhode Island have entered the big wool combination, but there is lack of positive evidence to that effect. Everybody turns to Charles Fletcher, the well known wool man, when anything is said affecting the textile interests, but Mr. Fletcher refuses to confirm or deny the report that his mills are in the combine. It is understood, however, that the Olneyville and Pascoag mills will be included. The Wauskuck mills, owned by the Metcalfs, are not in the deal, and will not be. Mr. Jesse Metcalf says that no proposition has been made to him, and he intimates that it would be useless to make one. The Weybosset (formerly Taft & Weeden's), Olneyville, and the Lippitt, at Woonsocket, are not in the combination as yet.

At a meeting of the Bristol Naval Reserves Lieutenant W. F. Williams, commanding the company, whose term had expired, declined a re-election, and Lieutenant George W. Sysdam was elected to the vacancy without opposition. This caused another vacancy, and Ensign Thomas Ashton was elected lieutenant, junior grade. William Bradford was elected an ensign to fill this last vacancy. Lieutenant Sysdam has served several years as lieutenant in Company C, First regiment, Rhode Island militia, and was elected lieutenant, junior grade, in the Bristol Reserves a year ago. Lieutenant (junior grade) Thomas Ashton has long been a member of the company and one year ago was elected ensign. William Bradford, who has been elected ensign, served on the Constellation, Ajax, Richmond and Manhattan during the Spanish war, and was promoted to quartermaster. George H. Bush was elected ensign two years ago, and still retains that place.

Intelligence has been received in Bristol that L. S. Allison, who resided last summer in the old Gardner homestead at Ferry Hill, Bristol, was killed in an accident last week in a zinc mine at Alva, Mo., near Webb City. Mr. Allison had many friends in Bristol. His widow is a sister of Mrs. A. S. Van Wickle, whose husband was killed in a gunning accident last summer.

During the thunderstorm Sunday morning, the lightning struck in two or three places in Providence, but no one was injured and the damage done was reported to be slight. The storm was quite severe between 4 and 5 o'clock in the morning, and just before 5 o'clock lightning struck an attachment on a wooden building at 95 Sprague street, causing a slight fire. About the same time a bolt struck the chimney of William P. Balch's house, 304 Prairie avenue, partially demolishing it, but doing no other damage. A little later the house of Charles A. Sanford, 16 Temple street, was struck by the lightning, and a portion of the chimney was carried away and the roof slightly damaged.

Town Clerk George F. Hunter, who is wanted in East Providence on the charge of embezzlement, is still missing, although the police have been making vigorous efforts to locate him. Since Friday morning, when he was said to be at his home for a short time, nothing has been heard of his whereabouts. The police have made inquiries in the places where the ex-tax collector was in the habit of being, but thus far they have been without avail. Yesterday Hunter had still succeeded in avoiding arrest. There is a suspicion, naturally, that his family know something as to his disappearance, but nothing can be learned from them. Town Sergeant Adams said last night that he had a possible clue which might be productive of some results, though as yet he cannot say very much about it.

DISCOUNT SALE

BEGINNING MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27.

A discount of 10 per cent upon all cash sales from the entire stock of China, Earthenware and Glass.

This is a good opportunity for all who wish to purchase Crockery and Glass of the best quality at a low price.

There are some lines of goods upon which a much larger discount will be made.

All goods are marked in plain figures from which the discount is taken.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,

131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

COAL.

Scranton & Wilkesbarre White Ash

Broken, Egg, Stove and Nut.

PEA COAL,

Large Fracture.

George's Creek Cumberland.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,

WM. H. BOONE, Agent.

Office Bowen's Wharf.

POPULAR APPROVAL

Goes far toward establishing the standing of a business house in the community, and the goodwill and favor we have been shown indicate that those who have dealt with us have been eminently satisfied with their transactions.

BUTTER—The fluctuations of the Produce Market make it impossible for us to quote standing prices, but we can assure our customers that the goods are the best that can be bought and for that quality the prices are the lowest in the city.

FLOUR—Best Bread Flour $4.25 per bbl., not delivered. $4.50 per bbl. delivered. 50c. per bag not delivered. 55c. per bag delivered.

TEAS AND COFFEES—1-lb. cans Golden Cup Mocha and Java, 25c.; 2-lb. cans Golden Cup Mocha and Java, 45c.; 5-lb. cans Golden Cup Mocha and Java, $1; Best Hotel Coffee, per lb., 15c.; Fancy English Breakfast, Formosa, Ceylon or Mixed Tea, per lb., 35c.

SOME SPECIAL PRICES FOR THIS WEEK—Large bot. of Ink, 9c.; Beats All Stove Polish, 2 cakes, 5c.; "Lion" brand Gelatine, per pkg., 4c.; B. & S. Napitha Soap, 2 bars for 5c.; 3-lb. can Best California Cherries, 15c.; 3-lb. can Soap, 10c.; 1-lb. can Quaker Baking Powder, 19c.; 1-lb. can Quaker Baking Powder, 10c.; Hulled Corn, worth 10c., per can, 5c.; Imported Kippered Herring, per can, 17c.; White Rose Washing Powder, 4 pkgs. for 25c.; Fairy Soap, 6 pkgs., for 25c.; 1-lb. can Fairbank's Lunch Tongue, 20c.; 3-lb. can Armour's Braised Beef, 25c.; Akron Rolled Oats, per pkg., 4c.

E. A. EDES & CO.,

140 & 151 Thames Street.

AUCTION SALES.

Auction Sale of New Wagons,

ON WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Thursday, March 9, at 10 A. M.

1 Double Farm Wagon.
1 Single Farm Wagon.
1 Delivery Wagon.
1 Covered Milk Wagon.

C. H. TAYLOR, Auctioneer.

AUCTION. L. D. Tallman, Auctioneer.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC AUCTION,

Wednesday, the 15th day of March, 1899, at 12 o'clock M.,

If fair, if not the next fair day, my

Farm Near Bristol Ferry,

Containing 13 acres of land more or less, good early land, pleasantly situated, shore privilege, and everything that goes to make a snug little home. As pretty a place for a summer home as there is on the island. JOHN H. CROSS.

Mortgagee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage deed made by Frank J. Dent and Annie L. Dent, his wife, to Ellen T. Baker, wife of A. Prescott Baker, dated December 16, 1891, and recorded in Volume 27, pages 28 and 29, of the Land Evidence of Newport in Rhode Island, breach of the condition of said Mortgage having been made and still existing;

The said Mortgagee will sell at public auction, on **Tuesday, the 28th day of March, A. D. 1899,** at 12 o'clock noon, on Bath Road, in front of the land hereinafter described, that parcel of land, in said city of Newport, with the buildings and improvements thereon and the appurtenances thereof, Bounded, Northerly on Bath Road forty-four feet and five tenths, Easterly on land formerly of the estate of Charles J. Peterson one hundred and thirty-eight feet and seventy-five hundredths, Southerly on land of James Corrigan forty-two feet and fifty-five hundredths, and Westerly on land of Diggles one hundred and twenty-six feet; said parcel of land being the same granted by said Mortgage deed which is hereby made part hereof. Said Mortgagee hereby gives notice that she intends to bid for said property at said sale thereof.

ELLEN T. BAKER,
By her agent, H. L. Dyer.

Newport, March 1, 1899.

NEWPORT, Sc.

BY VIRTUE and in pursuance of an Execution No. 1,533 issued out of the District Court of the first Judicial District of the State of Rhode Island holden in Newport within and for the County of Newport, dated February 20th, A. D. 1899, and returnable to said court on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1899 wherein Mary A. Swinburne and Elizabeth H. Swinburne of the City and County of Newport are plaintiffs and Edward W. Howland of the town of Little Compton, said County of Newport, is defendant, I will sell at Public Auction at the farm of W. J. P. Bullock (the Soule place so-called) in the town of Little Compton on **Wednesday, the 15th day of March A. D. 1899** at 12 o'clock noon, the following described goods and chattels attached by me on the original writ in which the above described execution was obtained, to wit, lot of Hay in barn, 1 Cultivator, 1 Lumber Wagon, 1 Hay Tedder, 1 Wheelbarrow, 1 Democrat Wagon, levied on this 2d day of March A. D. 1899 at 10 o'clock A. M.

HUGH N. GIFFORD,
Deputy Sheriff.

BICYCLES.

Bicycles!

1899 MODELS.

Dayton, Iver Johnson,
Wolff-American,
Spalding, Barnes.

Repairing and Sundries.

H. A. HEATH & CO.,

14 Bellevue Avenue

Just Opened, a Fine Line

—OF—

FEATHERSTONE WHEELS.

"The winning wheel which won the 6-days race at San Francisco is

THE ELDREDGE.

We have it. Don't fail to see it. When you see it, you will understand why Miller gets all the prizes. Five winners at the Race rode this wheel.

The Geo. A. Weaver Co.,

19-23 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

NEW BOOKS.

French Revolution and English Poets, Hancock.

SINKING OF THE MERRIMAC, By Naval Constructor Hobson.

TEXT BOOK ON NURSING. Compiled by Clara S. Weeks Shaw.

THE RAPIN, By Henry DeVere Stacpoole.

A ROMANCE OF CANVAS TOWN, AND OTHER STORIES.

A PLAIN LIVING. A BUSH IDYL. Both by Rolf Boldrewood.

HOME ECONOMICS, By Marin Parlon.

SIMON HART, Successor to CHARLES E. HAMMETT, JR., 202 THAMES STREET.

Late Productions

—OF—

Prominent Writers

AN HUNGARIAN NABOB, by Dr. Maurai Jokai.

THROUGH THE TURF SMOKE, OR THE LOVE LORE AND LAUGHTER OF OLD IRELAND, by Seumas MacManus.

GOD'S PRISONER, by John Oxenham.

JOHN MARVALBURKE, A ROMANCE, by Samuel Harden Church.

NEW PAPER EDITION OF ANTHONY HOPE'S **PHROSO,**

Now being presented as one of the leading theatrical attractions in New York.

Geo. H. Carr, 172 Thames Street.

INSTRUCTION.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,

PRIVATE TUTOR,

Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

School Street. Call from 7:30 to 8 P. M.

Newport Business College.

Students received at any time. Apply to A. M. STEED, Prin. and Propr.

MILLINERY.

Special February Sale

—OF—

Spring Flowers at 25c. Balance of Trimmed Hats at your own price.

M. E. Tobin, 48 Washington Sq

Opposite State House.

Great Reduction

—IN—

Felt Hats and Fancy Feathers.

N. L. MASON, 34 CLARKE STREET.

California Privet for Hedges,

All sizes at low prices. Also Fern Leaf and Purple Beech, ornamental and street trees. Hydrangeas and shrubs of many varieties.

FOREST AVENUE NURSERIES.
Corner Forest avenue and West Main road.
H. M. WILSON.

LAPPIN'S

Black Taffeta Silk Dress Waists

In all the Newest Creations of Styles.

This season we have made preparations to show the most extensive, also exclusive, line of ladies' silk dress waists ever attempted by any concern in Newport.

Watch our advertisement.

Ladies' Furnishers,

145 Thames Street.